BRADEN'S COUGH CURE
WILL CURE YOUR COLD.
TRY A BOTTLE.
D. E. CAMPBELL, PROPRIETOR.

The Daily Colonist.

☞ READ THIS ! ☜
[The COLONIST has the franchise for Victoria for the "United Press" night dispatches, the only press association entering this city. Its Ottawa, Dominion and Provincial specials are forwarded by reliable correspondents].

VOL LXVII.--NO. 71. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY MARCH 3, 1892. THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND

DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company, and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on Easy Terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON. C. A. HOLLAND.
Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. je24-tf-dw

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN
—HAVE—
Removed Into New Offices
—AT—
NO. 28 FORT STREET, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

POSITIVELY - THE - LAST
BROWN & WHITE
S·A·L·E,
TO WIND UP THE AFFAIRS OF THE FIRM.
THE LAST CHANCE OF GETTING DURING MARCH ONLY GENUINE AND UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS.
LADIES, DON'T MISS IT!
ALBION HOUSE, GOVERNMENT ST.
N.B.—All accounts due the firm are requested to be paid by March 31st. fe28

L. B. HAMLIN, C. E. and D. L. S. FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public, R. E. B.
HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
FINANCIAL - BROKERS
26 Fort Street.

ALBERNI - TOWN
BARCLAY SOUND.
A number of surveyed lots (66x132 feet) in the town of Alberni are offered for sale on easy terms of payment. The town is situated on Somass River, at the head of navigation of Alberni Canal and Barclay Sound, and is the shipping point and trading centre of the growing settlement of Alberni District. A Church, Post Office, Hotel, several Trading Stores and a Wharf are already established there.
The Government Road from Nanaimo, and the various settlement roads terminate in the town. For further particulars apply to
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON,
98 WHARF STREET.
Agent for the Proprietors—MESSRS. ANDERSON, ANDERSON & CO. fe28 1m

PLOWS, HARROWS
Seed Drills, Root Cutters, Pulpers,
HAND AND POWER FEED CUTTERS,
Grain Mills, Wagons, Buggies and Carts in great variety.
Call and see them or write for Catalogues and prices to
E. G. PRIOR & CO.,
(LIMITED LIABILITY).
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets, Victoria.
AND AT KAMLOOPS B.C mr1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Housemaid; apply at Jubilee Hospital. mc3-tf

WANTED—Young man (26), holder of first mate's certificate (Engl sh), desires berth on coast steamer. Strictly sober and good references. Address R. F., Colonist office. mc3-2

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework in a small family. Apply at 132 Blanchard Avenue. mc3-tf

TO LET—Two story house, 7 rooms and bath; hot and cold water; modern improvements; garden, lawn and fruit trees. Apply 8 Frank in street. mc3 6t

FOR SALE.

Re Joseph Dougan, Deceased, Intestate.

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia dated the tenth day of February, A.D. 1892 the following valuable properties are offered for sale up to the first April, A.D. 1892, subject to the approval of the Court:
Section 19, range 3, Shawnigan District.
East ½ section 20, range 3, Shawnigan District
East ½ section 1, range 3, Cowichan District.
South ½ section 20, range 4, Shawnigan District
Section 1, range 4, Cowichan District.
(Reserving all mineral rights)
Containing a total acreage of 350 acres.
The property is within two hours' reach of Victoria by rail. Mr. James Dougan, of Cobble Hill, will show the various properties to intending purchasers.
For terms and particulars apply to
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for James Dougan, the Administrator
Dated March 1, A.D. 1892. mc3-td-d&w

ROYAL - FISHERIES - COMMISSION.

Notice of Meeting at Victoria.

The Royal Fisheries Commission will sit at the Board of Trade Rooms, Victoria, on
THURSDAY, MARCH 3,
at 10 a.m., when all persons desiring to give evidence touching the Fisheries of the Province are requested to attend.
CHAS. F. WINTER, Secretary.
New Westminster, Feb. 29, 1892. mc2-2t

Great Unreserved
AUCTION SALE
OF A LARGE
Bankrupt Stock
I have received positive instructions to sell to the highest bidder, regardless of cost, all kinds of Men's Clothing and Gents' Furnishings, at
92½ DOUGLAS STREET
DOANE BLOCK,
Commencing on
Saturday, 5th of March,
At 2:00 and 7:30 p.m. sharp. Come and examine the goods prior to sale. Look out for the red flag.
JAMES MORTIMER,
mc2 Auctioneer.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE.
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective Business Transacted for Corporations and Individuals.
References furnished.
E. D. McNAUGHTON, Manager.
mr2 1m

BUY GROCERIES —AND— PROVISIONS
—AT THE—
NEW GROCERY STORE
136 GOVERNMENT STREET.
BOWNESS & CREEDEN.
THE VERY CHOICEST GOODS TO BE SECURED ON THE MARKET.
mc2

SAM YICK & CO.,
LAUNDRY,
144 Yates St., Victoria, B C.
Clothes sent home in good order. We have suitable drying rooms, and everything clean and neat. mc1 1m

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.
E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fe28-tf

A NEW TITLE.

The impression prevails that the queen will confer the entirely new title of Duke of London upon Prince George of Wales. It has been found that there is scarcely a single royal dukedom capable of revival that has not been "sullied by evil or dimmed by unfortunate association." The Duke of London would be a popular title, and as its conferment would afford the London corporation justification for making Prince George a fine present, it should be acceptable to him.

Ladies are saying O'Kell & Morris' Jams are excellent. *

CABLE NEWS.

The Pope Dissatisfied With His Representative in France—He is Recalled.

The Reichstag Rejects Caprivi's demand for Money to Build Corvettes.

Liberal Victory in the Commons—Plot to Assassinate the Czar of Russia.

Queensland Wants no Immigrants.

BRISBANE, March 1.—The Queensland Government has decided in consequence of the large number of unemployed workmen in the colony to prohibit immigration for the present.

A Liberal Victory.

LONDON, March 1.—In the Commons, to-day, the bill promoted by the London County Council, proposing to connect the tramways of North and South London, which was opposed by the Conservatives, passed the second reading by 160 to 58, the result being tantamount to a Liberal victory. Mr. Gladstone entered the House during the proceedings and was greeted with hearty cheers. Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone returned, to-day, from France.

A Rap For the Kaiser.

BERLIN, March 1.—The Reichstag, to-day rejected the credit asked for building the new corvettes. This is another sharp parliamentary rap over the knuckles for the Emperor.

French Papal Nuncio Recalled.

ROME, March 1.—The Pope is said to be dissatisfied with the course of M. DeFerrata, the Papal Nuncio at Paris, on the ground that he has not shown a hearty accord with the Pope's efforts to establish and maintain good relations with the Republic. The Pope will recall the Nuncio at an early day, and appoint one more in accord with the Papal policy toward France.

To Provide for the Unemployed.

BERLIN, March 1.—In the Reichstag, yesterday, Chancellor von Caprivi demanded that there be inserted in the Navy estimates the clause providing for the construction of the cruisers and corvettes that had been eliminated by the committee which considered the measure. The Vulcan Ship Building Company of Stettin, the Chancellor said, had been promised an order to build the corvettes provided for in the eliminated section. If the company did not receive the contract it would be compelled to discharge a large number of workmen. Already there were 5,000 destitute workmen in that city. The Prussian Government was arranging to commence work in the ship-building yards, earlier than usual, simply to give employment to the workingment at present unemployed.

Franco-American Reciprocity.

PARIS, Feb. 29.—Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, and Jules Roche, minister of commerce, to-day arrived at a definite agreement for the establishment of a commercial treaty between France and the United States.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Generous Bequests.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Frank Livingstone, a capitalist who died in Germany last August, left a widow and eight children to whom he bequeathed the residue of his estate. He bequeathed $25,000 to each of the orphan asylums in this city, and directed his executors to distribute 5,000 marks among the poor people in this country and Germany.

Ready for the Sealers.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Within the next few weeks the U. S. revenue cutter Corwin, Capt. Hooper, will take her departure for the north and be absent eight months. She will go direct to Behring Sea and closely watch the sealing interests. The armament of the cutter has been improved. She goes prepared for all emergencies. Capt. Hooper, in his own opinion, can accommodate any vessel that enters the sea with all the shot they desire, and will stand no foolishness.

Sealing Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The agents of the Governments of Great Britain and the United States in the matter of the fur seal industry will probably conclude their sessions this week. The case of the United States is in the hands of Professors Merriam and Mendenhall, and that of Canada is looked after by Dr. Dawson and Sir George Baden-Powell. The exact terms of the treaty of arbitration cannot now be stated, but it is known that the board of arbitration will consist of seven persons, two representatives of the United States and two representing Great Britain, one of whom is to be a Canadian, and one each representing the neutral governments of France, Sweden and Italy.

French Schooner for Tahiti.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—To-day the new schooner Papete, recently built at Benicia for the French government sailed for Tahiti. The Papete is to serve as a revenue cutter for the French people and will continually keep cruising off Tahiti and the vicinity.

Reciprocity Proposition.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Mr. Castle, of Minnesota, by request, introduced a joint resolution for renewing the Reciprocity Treaty with the Dominion of Canada. The resolution provides for a treaty similar to that made by the United States and Great Britain, signed June 5, 1854, which continued in force ten years, concerning our trade and business relations with the Dominion of Canada. It is to avoid misunderstanding between the respective citizens and subjects in regard to the extent of the right of fishing on the coast of British North America, secured to each by Article 1 of a convention between the United States and Great Britain, signed at London, October 20, 1881, and is also designed to regulate the commerce and navigation between the respective territories and people, and more especially between Her Majesty's possessions in North America and the United States, in such a manner as to render the same reciprocity beneficial and satisfactory.

The Silver Question.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The Indian question still occupies the attention of the House, the entire day being devoted to the Indian appropriation bill. A resolution from the Committee on Rules was reported that, on on Tuesday, March 22, the silver bill should be considered, and notice was given that, on Monday, March 7th, this resolution would be called up for consideration.

TO REMOVE THE CZAR.

More Anarchists Plots—Numerous Arrests.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—It has been reported that another plot against the life of the Czar had been discovered and that a large number of arrests had been made in connection with it. The police profess to know nothing about the affair, other than that the conspirators planned to murder the Czar while on his way to the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, situated on an island in the River Neva, upon the occasion of the funeral, on January 29 last, of the Grand Duke Constantine, uncle of the Czar. Upon the day of the funeral, the Czar, Prince Oscar of Sweden, and all the Russian Grand Dukes, followed the bier on foot, the Czarina and Grand Duchesses in carriages. The conspirators planned to kill the Czar while on his way to the cathedral, but were arrested before they could carry out the plot. A number of military and naval officers, two of whom have since committed suicide, were concerned in the conspiracy. Twenty students, several minor officers of the Government and a number of other people are under arrest charged with being concerned in the attempt.

FURTHER CONFIRMATION

Of the Theory that "Peter Wilberg" is the Man Wanted.

Chief of Police Huston, of Westminster, came over, last evening, in connection with the May Todhunter murder. With the Victoria officers, he is strongly inclined to the belief that Peter Wilberg, or the man travelling under that name by the Walla Walla, Saturday, is the man who could, if he were so inclined, tell all about the death of the unfortunate woman.

A telegram from a COLONIST man, Monday night, was the first intimation the Westminster public had of the trunk incident. Sergeant Levin had written the evening before, but the letter remained forgotten in the pocket of the bright young man to whom it was entrusted for delivery. Seeing the clue for which he had been searching, in the telegram from this city, Supt. Huston came over to Victoria at once to investigate, and is now quartered at the Oriental.

If Wilburg and Wiedermann, are one and the same, he is the man wanted. Wiedermann is not and never was May Todhunter's husband, but he lived with her in Port Townsend, and it was her evidence that sent him to jail in the Sound City. When released he is reported as having said that he was going to get even with May if it cost him his life, and the threat was marked at the time. Wiedermann disappeared soon after and has not since been seen in Port Townsend. He was seen and recognized here by a waiter in a restaurant, a few days ago, and his description tallies with that of Wilberg. It is all but positive that he was the man expected by the unfortunate woman on the night of her death.

To-day, Chief Huston will look up whatever evidence is to be obtained here, and secure the co-operation of the San Francisco police if events continue to shape themselves as they have during the past forty-eight hours.

The probability is, that before night, Wiedermann will be under arrest; if not, the theory of his guilt will have been destroyed by the discovery of some fresh and unlooked for link in the chain of evidence, or else he will have availed himself of the delay in communicating with Chief Crowley and make himself scarce. Had Supt. Sheppard wired the Western head of police instead of writing on Sunday the probability is that Wiedermann would now be under lock and key in the "Coast Capital."

"Peter Wilburg" evidently knows nothing of the suspicions entertained in regard to him; he telegraphed from San Francisco, yesterday, enquiring the reason for the non-arrival of his trunk. The trunk is still here.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Fearful Fate of Newfoundland Sealers—Blown Out to Sea.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 1.—A special cable to the Herald from St. John's gives the details of a terrible disaster in Newfoundland, by which at least 40 lives were lost. On Saturday 220 men went out sealing from the shores of Trinity Bay. A terrible storm sprang up and the thermometer dropped to zero. The men could not reach the ports of refuge. They had no extra clothes or food with them. Some of them were blown out to sea, some others got on the ice and perished from cold and exposure. The others died in their boats. Seventeen men were rescued by boats which put to their assistance from Heart's Content and were found frost bitten and terribly exhausted. Some died before they could be taken ashore. Thirteen bodies were found frozen in their boats, which were covered with ice, and had to be cut out. It was a ghastly piece of business. Ice steamers are still looking for the missing men. Most of those who were lost were fathers of families. There is great lamentation along the shores of Trinity-bay. The Legislature has adjourned as a mark of sympathy.

OWING to the great demand for Barclay lots, Young, Bartlett & Co.'s will remain open every evening for business. *

Nothing Succeeds Like Success.
Burdock Blood Bitters is a household remedy for dyspepsia, it expels rheumatism and neuralgia from the system, acts as an antibilious agent on the stomach, liver and bowels, antagonizes blood poison, builds up and revitalizes the bodily functions, and restores and purifies the entire system.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Census Returns for Victoria—Lands in the Railway Belt—Concessions to Settlers.

Reciprocity in Wrecking and Salvage—The Whitelaw Will Not be Excluded Under It.

The Kellie-Barnard Episode in Ottawa—Grit Whip Trow's Chances of Re-Election.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 2.—The census returns for the Victorial Electoral district are made up as follows: Victoria city, 16,841; Esquimalt, 740; Metchosin, 215; Victoria, 742.

The British Columbia members are making a big kick over the Government's decision withdrawing the lands of the railway belt from sale. They insist that if offered to public auction, inducements are offered to speculators to acquire them, and consequently *bona fide* settlement is retarded. The question of the claims of the settlers on the railway belt lands to the timber on their claims has been under consideration of the Government for some time. Mr. Corbould has been pressing for liberal treatment of the settlers, and the result of his representations is that all settlers will be allowed 25 acres of timbered land on each of their quarter sections for their own exclusive use. To those settlers who have already received Crown grants, supplementary patents for 25 acres of timber will be issued.

It is probable new tenders will be invited for the Soulanges canal. The engineers who have revised the plans think that certain changes will effect a saving of a quarter of a million dollars.

The wrecking salvage bill proceeds much like Mr. Kirkpatrick's measure of three years ago, providing for straight reciprocity in aiding vessels wrecked, stranded or distressed. Under the new measure the Whitelaw will be allowed to operate in Canadian waters.

The Senate adjourns to-morrow until the 16th inst.

Gordon Mowat, otherwise known as Moses Oates, formerly an editorial writer, has been appointed climateologist in connection with the Toronto Observatory. Special observations will be taken this year at the Canso cable station by two astronomers of the Royal Observatory. The object is to determine the logitude of Montreal.

The newspapers publish extended despatches regarding the Kellie-Barnard episode, in Victoria.

Parliament did not sit, to-day (Ash Wednesday).

Sir John Thompson addressed a gathering of the Montreal St. Patrick's Society, to-night.

Twelve Liberals nominated in Quebec, have repudiated Mr. Mercier.

Thirty-one men are employed in the Dominion Police.

The Grits are making a big fight in South Perth to re-elect Mr. Trow.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet has taken up his residence at Ottawa.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Five Hundred Farmers on an Excursion From Ontario to Manitoba and the North West.

DeBoucherville Government Exceedingly Jubilant and Expect an Overwhelming Majority.

Liberal Convention Suggested.

TORONTO, March 2.—H. H. Cox, a prominent Liberal, writes to the Globe suggesting the holding of a convention of the Liberal party to discuss questions pertaining to the interests of the party in every department of the public welfare. In his opinion the constituencies unrepresented in the Commons by the Liberals as well as those represented, should have a voice in the affairs of the party. He says, "Take for instance Manitoba, Northwest territories and British Columbia. These are only represented by one Liberal member, and I see no reason why these should not have a voice in the affairs of the party. Though unfortunate at the polls they should not be ignored."

Manitoba Excursion Party.

TORONTO, March 2.—The first Manitoba excursion of the season left, last night. There were thirty-seven well-filled cars, principally of prosperous farmers from Ontario, who were going up on a prospecting tour and intending to return in time for seeding. There were about five hundred in the excursion.

Conservative Prospects in Quebec.

TORONTO, March 2.—The Empire's Montreal correspondent claims that Mr. Fitzpatrick, elected in Quebec County by acclamation, although an old Liberal, will give the new administration an independent support. The correspondent says the followers of the DeBoucherville Government are exceedingly jubilant over the splendid day's work, and are justified in expecting a great triumph, a week hence. This is the firm conviction of every old campaigner one meets with, and forty-six seats is the number set down as about to be carried by the new administration.

Business Compromise.

MONTREAL, March 2.—Boisseau Bros., a large retail dry goods firm, have effected a compromise with their creditors.

Monck Election Postponed.

DUNNVILLE, March 2.—The writs for the Monck election, fixed for the 10th inst., did not reach here in time, and the date of polling has been changed to the 12th.

London's Disputed Votes.

LONDON, March 2.—An application has been made to Judge Elliott to hear reasons why he should not deliver judgment forthwith on appeal to him as to the disputed votes in the recent election. The statute requires him to proceed summarily with these appeals. Friday, next, was appointed to hear the argument.

Another "Globe" Fake.

TORONTO, March 2.—The Globe in an editorial article on a Toronto despatch in the Winnipeg Tribune giving a story of an alleged compact between the Roman Catholic Church and the leaders of the Conservative party says: "The author of the dispatch has put into print the essential points of a story that has been current for some time. The statement that all the facts detailed were laid before the Globe, and that it refused to publish them on the ground that their publication would injure Hon. Oliver Mowat, the Globe declares to be without a particle of truth."

A Liberal Invention.

KINGSTON, March 2.—The Conservative leaders deny the story that Postmaster Shannon is to be superannuated, and that Metcalfe, M.P., will get the office.

Another Conservative Victory.

MONTREAL, March 2.—Mr. Maufette, the Opposition candidate for the Quebec Legislature, in Nicolet, has resigned. Mr. Beaubien (Conservative) is consequently elected.

Quebec Re-elects its Mayor.

QUEBEC, March 2.—Joseph Fremont has been re-elected mayor of Quebec, without opposition.

Fire at Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, March 2.—Frost's furniture and show case factory has been burned; loss $7,500; insurance $1,800.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Sensational Evidence Regarding the Mounted Police—Orangeism in the Prairie Province—Narrow Escapes.

WINNIPEG, March 2.—The evidence regarding Col. Herchmer's treatment of the men while at Banff brought out a good deal of sensational evidence at the enquiry at McLeod, yesterday.

The duty collected at Winnipeg, during the last month, amounted to $54,273.30, a considerable increase over last year.

The Orange Grand Lodge of the Northwest Territories was organized at Regina, yesterday. The Manitoba Grand Lodge is in session, at Brandon, to-night.

E. P. H. Miller, a popular employe of the Union Bank, is dead.

J. E. Tetu, an ex-official of the Dominion Immigration office here, who was suspended, last session, as the result of a parliamentary investigation, died here, this morning, aged 42, of consumption.

Four persons narrowly escaped death at the Manor House, last night, through failure to turn off the gas. They were Mr. and Mrs. Sampson and two children *en route* to British Columbia. Mrs. Sampson is low, but doubtless all will recover.

The C.P.R. officials and committee of conductors and brakemen are still in close conference, considering the schedule of wages which the conductors and brakemen want adopted on the road.

PETER WILBURG HEARD FROM.

He Was Visiting a Brother in Westminster and Resides in San Francisco.

Peter Wilburg has been heard from, and the theory that he and Wiedermann are one and the same is destroyed.

The examination of the detained trunk made by Chief Huston, yesterday, showed that Wilburg travelled under his own name, and had respectable connections in the merchant tailoring business, in Nevada. The owner of the trunk appeared to be a respectable, hard working man—from the contents of the box, which was last night forwarded to his San Francisco address. Having attended to the trunk, Chief Huston decided to return home, though still hardly satisfied in regard to Wilburg's hurried visit to the Royal City. Before he went the following telegram was received from Westminster:—

"The Victoria police are astray in the May Hunter tragedy. Peter Wilburg is not the man wanted for the murder of May Hunter. He was in the city on the night of the murder on a visit to his brother, Bill Wilburg, who has been in the employ of William Tietjen for seven years. Peter Wilburg resides in San Francisco, and never was as far north as the Sound until a week ago. While in the city he stayed at the Central Hotel, and it can be proven by witnesses, his brother says, that he was in bed by midnight. It is quite evident Peter Wilburg cannot be associated in any way with the murder. He enjoyed a good spree with his brother here and his nerves were badly shattered when he left for Victoria. Peter is a footman in a wealthy San Francisco family."

Though the above would appear to settle it so far as Wilburg is concerned, Chief Huston says he is not quite satisfied in regard to his visit to his brother and his hurried departure from the Royal City. His description, too, closely resembles that of a man seen in company with an unknown woman by the Westminster Sergeant at the Central Hotel corner at 3 a.m. on the day of the murder.

"Judge Jerkins gave his daughter a handsome wedding present."

"What is it?"

"A decree of divorce with the dates and causes in blank."

Rags, the Tramp: "I may be only a tramp, but I tell yer, Sir, I got de advantage of yer."

Adopted Citizen: "In what respect?"

Rags: "By birth. I can be President of de United States, but you can't. See?"

OWING to the great demand for Barclay lots, Young, Bartlett & Co.'s will remain open every evening for business. *

The First Spring Arrival.
Art Muslins opened to-day at The White House. The very latest designs. *

Two carloads latest designs carpets just arrived, at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

OWING to the great demand for Barclay lots, Young, Bartlett & Co.'s will remain open every evening for business. *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Exacting the Discount on American Silver—Launch of the Steamer "Cruiser."

Deputation Wait on the Fishery Commissioners Regarding Prospective Changes in Regulations.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 2.—Tenders for the construction of the North Vancouver road will be advertised early next week.

The local tramway have decided to take American nickels, dimes and quarters at par. The Vancouver and Westminster exact the discount. The C.P.R. (Pacific division) take American silver at five per cent. discount.

People of Mount Pleasant have petitioned that no licenses be granted for Ward No. 5. A temperance meeting was held, last night, to specially consider the matter.

J. J. Taylor's steamer "Cruiser" was launched, this evening, at False Creek.

A little girl of George Hays died, last night, from injuries sustained by falling from an unfinished building on Oppenheimer street, on Sunday last.

A. N. Milne is laid up at the hospital, owing to a severe cut in the leg, accidentally inflicted by himself with an axe.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 2. — Mr. Moresby has had two boats at work, this week, making another effort to recover the body of Pickard, a Surrey farmer, who is supposed to have been drowned, last December, from the ferry steamer. The river was dragged in all directions, but without results.

Alexander McLean, the oarsman, states that he is willing to accept the challenge of Robertson, of Sapperton, to walk a one mile race for $50 a side.

A deputation appointed by the Board of Trade waited on the Fishery Commissioners, this morning, and laid before them the resolution passed at the Board of Trade meeting last night, requesting that if any radical changes are proposed in the fisheries regulations, this season, notice thereof will be given canners and others interested at the earliest possible date. The Commissioners received the deputation courteously, and promised to use their efforts in the direction asked.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, March 2.—Black & Wilson, proprietors of the Union restaurant and bakery in this city, have dissolved. Mr. Black continues the business.

The whaleback Wetmore Captain O'Brien arrived to-day for coal. She will take nearly 3,000 tons.

Thos. Roberts, restaurant keeper at Northfield, has, it is said, skipped for parts unknown leaving many creditors.

The schooner Mary Taylor was spoken 45 miles southwest of Cape Flattery by Captain Slater, of the ship Wilna, who arrived today. The Mary Taylor had 34 skins on board.

Frank Lee, who was arrested last week charged with robbing the till of the saloon of the Opera House, has been sent up for trial.

SUPREME COURT.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Drake.)

Haas Bros. vs. Cowan & Wilson—Mr. Aikman for plaintiffs, Mr. Bodwell for defence. Order for examination of defendants before Registrar. Granted.

McPherson vs. Cowan & Shaw—Mr. Aikman for plaintiff, Mr. Bodwell for defence. Order for examination of defendants before Registrar. Granted.

Young vs. Pœnix Assurance Co.—Hon. C. E. Pooley for plaintiff, Mr. Wooton for defence. Summons dismissed.

The Chambers cases listed for to-day, are as follows:

Cohen vs. Bergmann—Mr. Eberts for plaintiff, Mr. Jay for defence. Application to sign judgment under Order XIV.

Martin vs. B. C. Paper Manufacturing Co.—Mr. L. Crease for plaintiff, Mr. Jay for defendants. Application for extension of time.

Adams vs. Mathieson—Mr. Belyea for plaintiff, Mr. Wooton for defence. Application for permission of action to County Court.

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

TO THE EDITOR:—The meeting, last evening, gives one the idea that some members of the Legislature have pecuniary interest in the private bills now before the Assembly. Is it right that these members should vote on a matter in which they are personally interested? If such votes be allowed it will be an easy matter for members to combine. "If you support my bill I will yours, will be the manner and means of getting obnoxious private bills through the House." On the other hand, those who have pecuniary interests in a company opposing a bill, ought not to be allowed to vote either. Of course every member seeks the public interest only; no one there can have his conscience governed by any interest of a private or personal character, yet it will be as well to remove temptation by annulling their votes, for it is tolerably easy to be virtuous and honest where temptation to the contrary does not exist. Let the Government do its duty, and preserve the right of overseeing all chartered companies, whether municipal or otherwise, for the benefit of the country. X.

CRICKET IN BEACON HILL PARK.

TO THE EDITOR,—The very strange letter in your issue of March 1, signed "Wake Up," although in its entirety of no import, calls for an explanation on behalf of the Albion Cricket Club, inasmuch as it may create a wrong impression—it is quite true that a pavilion will be erected; but, "Wake Up," evidently some chronic dyspeptic who has little else to do but grumble and growl, may find some satisfaction by being informed that the proposed pavilion was never intended to be built in the Park; the wording of my letter being as follows: "a pavilion will at once be erected for the use of the members." Most certainly it will be erected from plans already submitted; but on private ground which is close enough for the building to be used as a scoring box and pavilion. That poor old misnomer, "Wake Up," should indeed wake up. Again, why cannot a grandstand be contemplated for the benefit of ladies, without such old mossbacks as "Wake Up" trying to find fault where none exists; perhaps he is some crusty old fellow that hates to see people enjoying themselves. I guess he knows little of the good things in this world outside his own sphere, consequently his remarks about "eight acres" can be taken *ad lib* as the doctors say, and with no harmful effects either. Had he read my letter carefully, he would not have failed to see that it is by the favor of the City Council, that the A. C.C., is enabled this year to provide amusement for the crowds that visit the Park during summer months. What is it? I ask him (it must be a him) is the reason there are so many thousands daily visiting Regent's Park, London, Centre and Prospect Parks, New York, and other parks in large cities, if it is not the freedom with which games, such as cricket, football, lacrosse, tennis, &c., can be played—"if this sort of thing," as he terms it, is permitted, instead of having no park at all, we shall have really what a park should be, a source not only of pride, but satisfaction and amusement to all. As to fencing in, &c.,—that would never be allowed, and no sane person wishes to see it—again, his final remark, "let the rule be, first come, first served and no favors," is quite inconsistent with his former queries. There is one palliative fact, however, in connection with Wake Up, and that is—he evidently was ashamed to affix his name to his grumbling letter.

W. H. D.

VICTORIA MARKET REPORT.

The Supply of Interior Cattle Falling Off in Quantity and Quality.

The local markets during the week have been steady, with good supplies and a fair demand in almost every department. Farmers are busy with their spring work, the weather favoring their operations, and from what has already been done, and the work contemplated, it is clear that this year's crop, weather proving favorable, will be the best on record. A lot of new land has been broken, and the disposition appears to be to go in more largely for cereal crops, for which there is ever a good demand. The new public market is beginning to receive more patronage, several of the stalls having been leased, and a combined effort made to make it a success. The fees prescribed by by-law are rigorously enforced, but in the majority of cases the vendors dispose of their goods by hawking them from door to door. However, time will remedy this, and once the market becomes established, there will be no need to seek purchasers elsewhere.

FLOUR remains at last week's quotations, with the exception of Hungarian, in which an advance 20c has been made. There is not much doing in the Portland brands, the products of B. C. mills furnishing the quantity and quality for home consumption.

WHEAT is unchanged. There is a steady demand for grain fit for milling purposes, the chief supply of which comes from Manitoba. A greater extent of land will, however, be in this grain during the coming season, so that it will not be necessary to import so largely.

OATS sell freely at last week's figures, and here, again, local mills are generally indebted to the Northwest Territories for their supply. The crop on the island, last year, was poor, owing to bad weather at the time when sunshine was essential to a good harvest.

FEED STUFFS generally, remain as last quoted, with a ready market. There is a large supply on hand, the mildness of the season calling for little hand-feeding.

POTATOES are in abundance at from $16 to $20 per ton, or a couple of dollars more money when retailed in small quantities. The crop was very good, but farmers showed a disposition to keep their potatoes in the pits, expecting an advance in price. They have been, however, disappointed, and the market is now almost glutted.

FRUIT of the season is plentiful and cheap. Oranges and lemons are selling at 15c. per doz. retail. Apples sell freely at $1.25 to $1.50 per box.

VEGETABLES are scarce and sell at good prices, and were it not that they are perishable goods, much more money would be demanded by the exacting Mongolians, who are the chief producers.

MEATS remain unchanged in price. Large quantities of mutton are being imported from Oregon, which is the chief source of supply for Victoria. The severity of the winter in the interior and scarcety of fodder, makes beef from these ranches scarce, and of poor quality. Calgary cattle raisers are now pushing a good trade on the Coast, and their animals reach the market in a wonderful condition, considering the journey. Dressed meat from the same quarter is also the source to.

FISH is becoming more plentiful, and a fall in price is daily expected.

EGGS are coming into market more freely, and are readily bought up at prices given below.

FLOUR—Portland roller per brl	$ 6.50
Salem	6.25
Snowflake	6.75
"	6.00
Hungarian	6 30 @ 6 50
Premier	6.00
Three Star	6.00
Victoria	5.7. @5.00
Wheat, per ton	40.00@45.00
Oats, per ton	32.50
Barley, per ton	33.00 @ 34.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00@32.50
Bran, per ton	25.00@30.00
Ground Feed, per ton	32 50@35.00
Oil Cake, per ton	35.00@40.00
Corn, whole	45.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs. Canadian	2.75@3.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	5 c
" National Mills, per 10 lbs	50c
Rolled Wheat, per 10 lbs	50c
Rolled Oats, per bag	50c
Pearl Barley, per lb	5c
Split Peas, per lb	4c
Beans, large white, per 100 lbs	5.00
" small " "	5.00
" Bayo " "	5 50
Potatoes (Island), per ton	18.00@20.00
" (imported), per ton	16.00
Onions	3@4
Hay, baled, per ton	18.00 @ 20.00
Straw, per bale	1@1.25
Beets, per lb	1@1½
Carrots, per lb	1@1½
Celery, per dozen	25
Apples, per box	1 25 @ 1.50
Oranges, per case	3.25.@4.00
Lemons, California, per case	4.25 @ 6.00
Cabbage (white), per lb	1½
" (red) "	3
Turnips, per lb	1
Russel Sprouts, per lb	3
Eggs, Island, per dozen	35@40
" Imported, "	25@30
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	75 @ 90
" Creamery, per 3 lbs.	1.00
" California, per roll	75
Cheese, Canadian per lb., retail	18 @ 20
" California	20
Hams, American "	18@20
Bacon, American, per lb	16 to 18
" Rolled "	14½—16
Shoulders, per lb	12½—13½
Lard "	15@20
Meats—Beef "	10@18
Sides "	10@12½
Mutton, per lb	12@20
Lamb, forequarter	1.25
" hindquarter	1.50@1.75
Pork, fresh "	15@18
Veal, dressed, per lb	15@18
Tallow	5@6
Chickens, per pair	1.00@1.50
Teal, per brace	35@40
Beef cattle	4@5
Sheep	6@7
Hogs	8@9
Calves	7½@8
Turkey, per lb	15
Geese, per lb	12
Hides	6@8½
Skins, sheep, each	25@75
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	12½
" (Steel head), per lb	8
Cohoe	8
Cod	3 lb. for 30c
Miscellaneous	8
Kippered Salmon	15@25
Smelts	10
Perch, ℔ lb	5
Pickerel, ℔ lb	5
Halibut ℔ lb	10

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Money on call loaned easy at 1½ to 2 per cent, closing at 2 per cent., the highest rate. Exchange closed steady at 4 86 to 4.88½; actual rates, 4.85½ to 4.85½ for sixty days, and 4.87½ to 4.87½ for demand. Governments steady, currency sixes, 109 bid, fours coupon, 116 bid; extended twos, registered, 100 bid. Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts 107 bid; do. sinking funds, 106 bid; Centrals, 106½ bid. The Stock market was fairly active this morning, 224,500 shares changing hands in the two hours to noon. The principal dealings were in Erie, New England, Jersey Central, Reading, Canada Southern and St. Paul. The opening was slightly higher. In the early dealings, under free offerings, Erie preferred dropped from 77 to 75¾. New England, Manhattan, Chicago Gas and Jersey Central were also weak and declined sharply. The general list went down in sympathy. The whiskey trust was an exception, advancing 1 per cent. by 11 o'clock; the general list was slightly lower. In the hour to noon the general list was absolutely featureless. The trading was on a fairly active scale during the last half of the day, with prices irregular. Toward the close of the dealings there was some buying and a sharp advance in some stocks, but the closing prices were not materially changed at the close, in most cases, from the close of last evening. The sales amounted to 431,970 shares. Closing bids: Pacific Mail, 37; St. Paul, 78¾; Western Union, 88½; Northwestern, 118; Northern Pacific, 25¾; Northern Pacific, pref'd, 67¾; Northern Pacific, first mortgage bonds, 118½; Canadian Pacific, 90; Oregon Improvement bonds, 103; Union Pacific, 47¾; Missouri Pacific, 81½; Delaware Lackawanna and Western, 155½; Reading, 59¾; New England, 55¾; Atchison and Santa Fe, 38¾; Denver and Rio Grande, 18½; Oregon Navigation, 89; Texas Pacific, 10½; Manitoba, 112½; Fargo Express, 143; Bar Silver, 91½.

Again Adjourned.

The new information against M. Morbœuf, of the Poodle Dog, for selling or disposing of liquor during prohibited hours, was up again before the Police Magistrate, yesterday. Mr. Hunter, who appeared for the defendant, pleaded that the fresh proceedings were altogether illegal, as no man could be charged with an offence, put in jeopardy and dismissed, and then brought up a second time and proceeded against on entirely the same evidence or the same facts. The legal gentleman quoted several authorities, and claimed that they all upheld his contention. Mr. Belyea adjourned the matter until to-day, not being in a position to give an immediate opinion upon the point taken. The matter will be decided in the Police Court, this morning.

Improvements at the High School.

The work of improvement at the Victoria High School, is all but completed. The lobbies of other days have been turned into an additional large and comfortable room, capable of accommodating forty pupils, of which Miss Cameron will take charge. From the boys' school a new staircase has been cut, to do service as a fire escape if necessary, leading down between the boys' and the High school. The gymnasium building, of which the dimensions are, 110, 40 and 14 feet, is going up, and immediately on completion, will be carefully fitted up, the $250 in hand for the purpose of buying apparatus, having been judiciously expended. Over 100 volumes already find a place on the shelves of the school library, formed only last week, and of which a committee composed of Misses F. A. Smith and Nickerson, and Messrs. Kermode and Courtenay.

St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral.

Work on the interior of the new Roman Catholic Cathedral will now be pushed forward as quickly as possible, and it is hoped that everything will be completed soon after Easter. The fittings, which will all be of local manufacture, are to be in style, finish, and quality the very best obtainable, and much of the work will be equal to any of its kind on the coast. The High Alter is to be 50 feet in height and will be of carved oak throughout, costing in the neighborhood of $4000. The memorial windows are expected from Toronto daily, and as soon as they arrive will be mounted in their places. The memorial window in memory of the late Bishop Seighers represents the figure of St. Charles of Borromeo, the name of the dead prelate being Charles. The window is to be placed on one side of the sanctuary. Then there are two memorial windows representing St. Peter and St. Bridget, and another having for its central figure a beautiful picture of King David, the latter being in memory of the late David Fee. One of the handsomest windows in the Cathedral will be that now being made in Munich, Bavaria, the subject being "The Assumption of the Virgin." This is presented to the church by the young ladies. The memorial window of Arch Bishop Seighers, the first R. C. archbishop of Vancouver Island, will be placed in the sanctuary. It represents St. Francis baptizing the Indians. In addition to these there are several more which will all find a place.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Treatment and Cure by an Entirely New and Successful Method.

Female diseases are extremely common, and none are more complicated and difficult of treatment than the class generally known as "female complaints," and none which are the cause of greater misery and woe. Such are their habits of dress, that the natural circulation of the body is disturbed, bringing too much blood to the pelvic region, causing congestion, etc., relaxation of the abdominal muscles, causing falling of the bowels. In fact, most of the difficulties arise from displacement or falling of the organs. For such cases, the only rational cure consists of contracting the muscles and appendages of support. These diseases are not incurable, but, when properly treated, yield readily, as the disposition of all such cases is to get well. Electro-magnetic treatment, as practiced by Drs. Darrin, is a positive cure for all those painful complaints and weaknesses peculiar to women. It removes congestion by equalizing the circulation of the blood and nervous fluid; strengthens the muscles; contracts the muscular fibres and imparts a healthy tone to the relaxed organs. Electro-magnetism will entirely cure the worst form of inflammation, ulceration, flooding, irregularities, and female troubles of whatever nature, if curable. It is impossible for a woman after a faithful course of treatment to have weakness. Hundreds of women cherish grateful remembrance of the health they have derived from Electro-magnetic treatment as administrated by Drs. Darrin.

Cures of male or female complaints are withheld in professional confidence, with due regard to delicacy of the patients.

DRS. DARRIN'S PLACE OF BUSINESS.

Dr. Darrin is permanently located at "The Normandy," corner Third and James streets, Seattle, Wash. Office hours: 10 a.m., to 8 p.m. Consultation free.

They make a specialty of all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Catarrh and Deafness, Bronchittis, LaGrippe, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases. All Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases are confidentially and successfully treated. Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctors' office. Inquiries answered. Circulars and question blanks sent free.

KOFF NO MORE

WATSONS' COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM

ja1-6m

FROM AND AFTER this date I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Dated the 2d day of September, A.D. 1891.

sep5-tf

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. de18-

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Young lady wishes to room and board with private family. Apply, stating terms, "J. S.," Colonist office. Mc1-3t

WANTED—By a gentleman (formerly in business in Manchester, England,) aged 42, a situation as secretary, bookkeeper, or any position of trust. Good references. Address, stating salary, FIDUS, COLONIST Office. mc-6t

WANTED—Lady with knowledge of Shorthand, Typewriting and Bookkeeping. Apply to HENRY CROFT, Colonist Block.

WANTED—A young girl to take care of a child. Apply at 29 Government St. f 26 1w

WANTED—A girl to assist with light housework and the care of children. Apply at No. 12 Scoresby street. fe24

WANTED — Accounts to collect, books to post, etc. E. E. Welch, 10 Bank of B. C. Building, Government St. fe19-1m

TO LET. OR LEASE.

TO LET—Sheep Farm. Apply M. Morrissey, Cedar Hill Road. Mc1-6t

TO LET—Bed-room, suitable for two gentlemen, with board; bath room. 125 Quadra street. Mc1-1m

TO LET—OR FOR SALE—House and furniture, on old Esquimalt Road, near the switch. Apply to MRS. M. SHAW, old Esquimalt Road. mc-t

TO LET—Furnished room, suitable for a gentleman. 141 Menzies St. fe28-5t

TO LET—Well and comfortably furnished rooms in best neighborhood. On tram line. Charges moderate. J. H. Franck, 255 Fort Street. fe28-1m

TO LET—Furnished rooms, very cheap, by day, week or month. 103 Government Street. Mrs. Dow. fe28-1m

TO RENT—Furnished house (6 rooms) in good locality, 15 minutes walk from Post Office. The furniture may be purchased at a valuation. Apply to A. W. Jones & Bridgman, Five Sisters' Block. fe24 2w

PIANOS TO RENT—Apply to 76 Princess avenue. ja30-12t

TO LET—Two houses, each seven rooms and bath; rent $18 per month. Also house of eight rooms, good locality for roomers. Enquire 82 Menzies street. ja21 tf

TO LET — Well established general store, doing good business, to let, at Somenos Station, E. & N. R'y, with house of 6 rooms and outhouses. A splendid opening for a business man. Apply to Major Mutter, at Somenos ja20-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first-class restaurant, doing a business second to none in town. Further particulars apply G., Colonist office. mc2-tf

FOR SALE—Fruit and Cigar business, corner Courtney and Government. Mc1-3t

FOR SALE New 9-room house, Michigan St., a snap. Cheap lot, Oak Bay Avenue. J. E. Church, Five Sisters' Block. fe23 1m

FOR SALE—I will sell my ranch on Booth's Canal on easy terms. Hull Brown, Vesuvius Bay. fe23 1m

FOR SALE—A ton of butter, in lots to suit, at W. R. Clarke's Auction Rooms, 40 Yates Street. fe 23

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—One Lot, Pembrooke street, between Government and Douglas, with good shed. Also sawing and split ing machine first class order. Good central place for wood yard. N. LECLAIRE, No. 56. Pembrooke street, fb12-1m

FOR SALE.—Tenders are invited for the sale of the Roccabella House and grounds, to be sent in to W. R. Clarke, Auctioneer, until 20th February. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. fb12-td

FOR SALE.—The lot on the north east corner of Cook and Johnson streets. Apply to W. C. WHITE, 260 Johnson St. fb1-1m

FOR SALE.—The Fast Steam Yacht Angerona, 11 tons, can be seen at foot of Herald St. For particulars apply to James Hunter, 154 Government St. fe10-1m

FURNISHED ROOMS—The best and most comfortable furnished and situated rooms at 255 Fort street. ja5 tf

FOR SALE—4-roomed house and lot, 50x133, on Third Street. Price $1,400; $600 cash. Apply to P. McDonald, Tobacconist, 59 Yates Street. de18

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET at from $3 monthly, or by the day or week, next door to Fullerton's Boot Store, 103 Government Street. de7

FOR SALE—A fine farm fronting on Comox Harbor; houses and other improvements. Price $2,000. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

ONE ACRE, 6 large lots, Victoria, a bargain at $2,150. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

TWO LOTS close to town, clear, in rapidly improving neighborhood, $300 each. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

HOUSES on the Instalment plan.

$3,500	$2,100	$1,600
$2,500	$1,800	$1,500

Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

ALBERNI acreage adjoining Anderson reserve. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

BARGAIN.

Six-roomed house, plastered, in good order, with cellar; fine view of Straits of Fuca; on lot 60x120; near Fairfield Road. Terms easy. Apply to

The Vancouver Island

LAND & INVESTMENT CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

COLONIST BLOCK, VICTORIA.

HENRY CROFT, President. J. B. McKILLIGAN, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

ja16

Wing Wo Chin & Co.

Conducted by Wong Lim and Chue Downg, Members of the Chinese Christian Mission.

Chinese Grocery, Intelligence Office, Tailors.

Help of All Kinds Supplied at Short Notice

P. O. BOX 618. fb11-1m 20 FISGARD ST.

GEO. W. FUGGLE

Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.

Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. fb11-1m

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply, at the next sitting of the License Commissioners for a renewal of my license to sell wines and beer at the Balmoral Re-taurant, 40 Broad street. F. W. GARLAND.

Victoria, B. C., February 9, 1892. fe14

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUNCTION TOWNSITE.

Comox, Comox District, - Vancouver Island.

ITS PROSPECTS, NATURAL RESOURCES, CLIMATE AND PRODUCTS, ETC.

ITS PROSPECTS.

Junction Townsite is situated 6½ miles from Comox wharf, at the intersection of two railway lines, from which the place has derived its name.

Port Augusta, or Comox, situated in the north-west corner of Bayne Sound, has a depth of water from 14 to 26 feet at low tide.

The Canada Western, or Grand Trunk, and Comox railway will run through the property. The latter line has already been surveyed, passing through the finest farming land in British Columbia.

NATURAL RESOURCES.

Called the Pennsylvania of the West, this section is undoubtedly more liberally endowed by nature with those gifts which the civilization of this century calls rich, and which mankind in their industrial operations to-day regard as the necessities of the age. Coal, iron and timber exist.

The mines tributary to Junction Town are worked by the Union Coal Company. Millions of dollars have already been spent in building railway lines and erecting wharves, etc., suitable for the transportation of their output. About 30,000 tons are exported monthly.

The Vancouver Coal Company have been operating in the district near Brown's river, and intend to open up their mines shortly.

The Comox coal area has probably a greater extent of productive measures and may eventually become more important than Nanaimo. In the Brown's River section, nine coal seams occur with an aggregate thickness of 29 feet.

IRON.

Clay iron stones in considerable quantity exist, yielding 30 and 40 per cent. of metallic iron.

TIMBER.

The finest timber on the Island is to be found in the district. Two saw mills are in operation, and another is to be erected shortly.

MINERAL SPRINGS.

Numerous mineral springs are to be found, capable of supplying three or four thousand gallons daily for exportation.

AGRICULTURAL LAND AND PRODUCTS.

A boundless grassy plain stretches away for 10 miles. This country would be all forest of small growth were it not for the industry of the inhabitants.

The land is of wonderful productiveness. Vegetables, hops and fruit grow rapidly. Oats yield from 70 to 80 bushels per acre.

CLIMATE.

A remarkable equability of climate prevails throughout the year. Comparatively speaking, the summers are cool and winters warm, and seldom does the mercury exceed 90° or zero, thus making the most favorable sporting place on the Island. Tourists and sports arrive in numbers annually. The rivers are teeming with trout and salmon, and the adjoining forests are full of both large and small game

TERMS: Half cash, balance in two years at 6 per cent. per annum interest. Deeds at purchasers' expense. Title, CROWN GRANT.

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

NOTICES.

To Consumers Who Appreciate a Good, First-class CUP OF TEA.

We are pleased to announce that the new season's crop of

"M. M."

Tea, packed in 5 lb. and 10 lb. boxes, is unsurpassed in flavor and quality. We pack only strictly first-class Teas under this well-known brand, and, as sole proprietors of the "Trade Mark," we caution consumers against purchasing any of the worthless imitations now in the market. To insure receiving the genuine article, see that every package bears across the top of each label the words, "TRADE MARK, registered at Ottawa, Canada, by Siegfried & Brandenstein." Genuine "M. M." Tea can be found on sale at the stores of all first class dealers.

jan14-3m SIEGFRIED & BRANDENSTEIN

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1892.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday	16th May
Nanaimo	Tuesday	7th June

(On Mainland.)

New Westminster	Wednesday	4th May
Kamloops	Monday	6th June
Clinton	Monday	13th June

FALL ASSIZE.

(On Mainland.)

Richfield	Monday	12th Sept
Clinton	Wednesday	28th Sept
Kamloops	Monday	3rd Oct
Lytton	Monday	10th Oct
New Westminster	Wednesday	9th Nov

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday	28th Nov
Nanaimo	Tuesday	6th Dec

SALE OF NELSON LOTS

Notice is hereby given that a public auction sale of Government lots in the town of Nelson, West Kootenay, will be held at Nelson on or about the 20th day of April next.

Full particulars will be published at a later date.

F. G. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., February 10th, 1892.
fe13-1m

FIRE! FIRE!

Great Sale of Damaged Goods

The Whole Stock of Toys and Fancy Goods, Damaged by Water,

MUST - BE - CLEARED - OFF

To Make Way for an Entire New Stock.

Sale Now On at 84 Government St.

HENRY GRIBBLE,
VICTORIA BAZAAR.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

81 YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

DEALERS AND IMPORTERS IN ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, - FARM

AND DAIRY IMPLEMENTS,

GRIST and SAWMILL and MINING MACHINERY,

Brick and Tile Machinery, Cutlery, Paint, Varnish and Oils.

Country orders promptly and carefully filled. my22

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Messrs. TURNER, BEETON & CO. are authorized to collect all renewal premiums upon policies covering property in the Island of Vancouver, to issue policies and generally to transact all necessary business in connection with the Company's Agency.

THOMAS DAVIDSON,
Managing Director in Canada.

oc20-6m

ROYAL COMMISSION.

The Official Report Formally Submitted to the Legislative Assembly.

Excessive Expenditure and Misappropriation of Loans, Etc.

(Concluded.)

WATER WORKS.

By the Victoria Water Works Act, the revenue, after payment of the current expenses, is appropriated to the general purposes of the City.

The Water Commissioner ought to be an Engineer experienced in this class of work, and he should have the sole control and sole responsibility of the works, the Council supplying the needful funds. The late Engineer resigned because the control of the hydrants was removed from him, whilst he was expected to continue responsible for the efficiency of the system.

As to the Waterworks, the corporation seem to have acted on the advice, at least in the first instance, of a regular scientific Engineer, and to have adhered to his plans with a fatal tenacity. We have been favored, by the courtesy of the Mayor, the Honorable Robert Beaven M.P.P., with a copy of Mr. Bulkley's original report. A large part of the preamble is occupied by demonstrating the superiority of safe water over hard, for domestic purposes; and Elk Lake water, both before and after entering Beaver Lake, is very soft. Chiefly with the view of securing as large a reservoir as possible, and an extended basin of supply, Mr. Bulkley recommended that the water should be taken into the pipes at the lower end of Beaver Lake, where he proposed to place filter beds, to eliminate any impurities, Elk Lake being pure and limpid, and Beaver Lake being little better than a morass of peaty formation. But it had been overlooked that his early praises of soft water were chiefly due to its extreme power as as a solvent. By the time the limpid water of Elk Lake has passed over the three-quarters of a mile of peaty bed it is still quite clear, but it has absorbed extract of peat so that it is of the color of tea. And it would be as futile to attempt by filtering to restore the contents of the teapot to its former condition, as to try to get pure water by filtering Beaver Lake. We think that it is time that this should at length be recognized, and that the complaints of the consumer of the strong flavor of morass, which not even boiling will completely cure, should be attended to. This can only be done we think by taking the water direct from Elk Lake. This will involve, no doubt, a further considerable outlay. What is suggested to us is to abandon Beaver Lake altogether; to have a dam to rise six or eight feet above the surface of Elk Lake, for which it is said there is a favourable place; and a mile of new pipe laying. It is suggested that this dam will provide an additional stratum of water, beyond the present natural supply, of about 400 acres, or about 640 millions of gallons; an individual supply of 60 gallons per day for 50,000 people for 200 days without rain. It is proposed to take this supply midway between the bottom and the surface of the lake; self filtered water, since the organic impurities float towards the surface, and inorganic impurities sink to the floor. It is proposed to have at the lake a tower 50 feet high, and by steam power to pump it to the summit, so as to serve the highest points of the city by gravitation; this in substitution for the present steam pumping apparatus in Victoria, which has to drive the water 150 feet high. It is said that this scheme can be carried out for $100,000. Upon this scheme we offer no opinion, except tha much money has been spent for objects of less immediate or practical utility.

CEMETERY.

From the evidence, it appears that some painful mistakes have been made, but these are not likely to occur again, as they appear to have arisen more from misconception of duty than wilful carelessness or neglect. As to the charge that the Corporation are likely to lose the land purchased, owing to an incumbrance affecting the property, we do not think there is any cause for alarm.

BONUSES.

We do not think it within our province to offer any opinion as to the general policy of granting bonuses to individuals or companies in order to induce them to establish industries or means of communication in the city. Assuming this to be desired, there yet remains much to be considered as to the form and manner in which they are granted.

It seems the admitted policy of the Legislature that the power of thus pledging the revenues and corporate property of the city should not be vested in the Council alone, but that the whole body of taxpayers should have an opportunity of judging of the expediency of the resolutions to which the Council have arrived. But it seems obvious that, in order to form a judgment, the by-law submitted to the popular vote should state, or enable the voters to calculate what it is they are voting about. And inasmuch as a large portion of each bonus hitherto granted—perhaps, in most cases, the larger portion—is quite unknown and incapable of being estimated, it is clear that the voter must be very much in the dark. We allude to those provisions in most of the bonus by-laws which undertake to provide gratis all the water which the grantee may think fit to take, and which exempt all his stock and improvements from taxation, along, perhaps, with a cash grant of $10,000 or $20,000. Many manufactories could, without difficulty, take all the water coming through the pipes. As a matter of fact, Mr Yale and Dr. Peers did establish mills on the stream which included all the water from Elk and Beaver Lakes, and found it insufficient during a large portion of the year; so that those mills were abandoned. This was long before the city water works were thought of. But, ever since the introduction of water into the city, we have been informed that it has, on more than one occasion, been used as a source of mechanical power. Now, the supply at present, for domestic and residential purposes, is no doubt ample, and we believe it might easily and cheaply be doubled; but so may the population of Victoria, in a very few years, be much more than doubled. And the unlimited right to use any material or product, without measure and without price, naturally leads to waste.

But suppose that no inconvenience or restriction results to private inhabitants, (who, however, have surely the first and preferential right to be accommodated), other considerations occur to us. The water rate occasionally charged, already, to private individuals is not less than $10 or $15 per month. It may easily be conceived that a woollen or a paper manufactory or a railway station would use ten times that amount; suppose $1,000 per annum. But that annual sum would, at five per cent per annum, enable the Corporation to support a loan of $20,000. The grant of free water, therefore, apart from all other considerations, involves an addition to the bonus of that amount. Is this fully understood by the voters when their opinion is asked as to the expediency of the by-law? In like manner the stock and improvements of a manufactory or mercantile concern, of the dimensions which the bonus system seeks to attract, would not be less than $100,000. The taxation upon that would, at the ruling rates, amount to another $1,000 per annum, the remission of which, in fact, amounts to the gift of another $20,000 bonus in cash. It may be questioned whether the voters have always been aware of this.

All bonuses ought to be in cash and nothing else. Upon those alone can an intelligent vote be given. If the petitioner for a bonus knows the value of what he demands, he ought not to refuse to state it; and if he urge, as he probably may urge, with truth, that he cannot calculate beforehand what the value of the water may be, or what the value of his stock and manufactory, he surely cannot expect that the voters can know. And it seems useless to expose the absurdity of two parties agreeing to something when neither of them know the meaning or effect of the subject matter of the agreement.

We have already remarked upon the Spanich by-law, which hitherto has been treated as a merely contingent annual obligation. But if the company be a *bona fide* company, the contingency will surely come to pass; and the obligation to pay a sum of $24,000 for twenty-five years is equivalent, at five per cent., to rather more than $283,000 cash, and, at four per cent., to rather more than $330,000 cash. This, in addition to free water without limit, and exemption from taxation of all their stock and buildings.

The manner in which by-laws are passed appears to us also to require revision. When this Saanich Railroad Company Bonus By-law was submitted to the popular vote there were upwards of 1,800 voters on the list; but there were not 500 in all who voted upon the by-law, which was carried by a majority of 3. In other words, this enorm us liability was fixed upon the whole body of taxpayers by three voters only.

It is quite possible that even this majority was entirely composed of the seven promoters and proposed donees of the bonus.

The Legislature evidently contemplates every description of loan, whether for a bonus or any other object, as something apart from the ordinary business powers of the Council, which are confined to raising and spending the year's income. When any special or exceptional operation is proposed in an ordinary joint stock company (and a municipality is in effect merely a joint stock company, of which the Council are the directors), the general rule is that it must be carried by a certain proportionate majority of those entitled to vote. We suggest that instead of its being possible for three men to place a liability in their own favor of upwards of $300,000 on the city, no loan should be legalized except by the assent of a clear majority of the voters on the list, voting in proportion of at least three to two at the ballot boxes.

The Commissioners have already pointed out that the present system of collecting the taxes at the end of the year renders it difficult for the Council to ascertain what money they are entitled to expend. If the Council on entering on their duties could have the taxes in hand they would be able to control their expenditure, and save the heavy payment of interest on overdraft, which has already been referred to. And the consciousness of a practically unlimited power of overdraft tends to improvident expenditure, just as the consciousness of a limited supply of ready money tends to economy of administration. The evil might be cured if the Council were authorized at the beginning of each year to overdraw for the average amount of property tax during the previous three years, and not more. The inconvenience, or should be, limited to the revenue derived from the property tax (were it not from the large arrears demanding instant attention habitually left by each expiring Council to its successor). The water rates, fines, dues, etc., come in monthly. We think a limited power of overdraft is more convenient and economical than changing the time of payment of taxes from the end of the year (at present in November) to January or February. But under the present system it is easy liable that either a debt should be incurred or that the necessary work of the Council should be prevented from advancing. We have to notice another point, which is of importance.

CONTRACTS BY OUTGOING COUNCILS.

It appears that it is the custom of the outgoing Council to let contracts at the end of the year, without any by law as required by the Act, leaving their successors to pay or reject the obligation. The successors have hitherto paid, and not rejected these contracts. We think that in this respect both the outgoing and incoming Council have acted contrary to the Act.

BY-LAWS REDUCING RATES ON LOANS.

Our attention was also drawn to a series of by-laws, 91 to 110, inclusive, reducing the special rates which were to be levied under the original by-laws, and on which rates the debentures were issued and sold, to the amounts mentioned in the new by-laws (which, however, require the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, which they have not yet received). These by-laws were passed under section 101 of the Act of 1891. This section is taken from section 350, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, chap. 174. But, on reference to that Act, the Council there can only reduce the rate for the single year next following, and then only in case there are sufficient funds in hand to pay the interest and instalment of sinking fund, and certain important recitals are necessary, showing the original special rate, the balance in hand of such rate, and the surplus income derived in such year from any temporary investment of sinking fund. None of these safeguards are contained in the British Columbia Municipality Act, and the reduction is to be for all future years. And if the rate be once reduced, there is no power to restore it, even, if from circumstances the reduced rate be subsequently found insufficient.

This mode of dealing with municipal securities is calculated to impair the credit of the Municipality, and, in fact, authorizes the Council to diminish the security of their creditors, and to that extent to repudiate their solemn obligation, the original rates being specially mentioned and charged in each debenture as part of the creditors' security.

EXTENSION OF CITY BOUNDARIES.

It is very probable that the heavy rate of taxation complained of in the memorial, and the continued increase of that rate, is due to the large and continual extension of the city boundaries. When new districts are annexed, the Corporation acquires, it is true, the right to levy rates on the additional lands, but it becomes liable to corrective obligations. The new enrolled citizens all expect prospectively to enjoy the advantages already possessed by the old citizens, including the use of the works and machinery and experience which the earlier body have acquired at great expense to themselves. And they all immediately have voices in the election of delegates to assert and enforce those expectations. The expense on any street, of police, watering, laying sidewalks, sewerage, lighting, and perhaps some other matters varies very nearly in proportion to the length of street accommodated. But an owner on Government street pays rates on an estimated value of $1,000 or $2,000 per front foot. An owner in one of the newly annexed districts is rated at $10 or $5 per front foot. He contributes for his lot perhaps less than one hundredth part as much as is charged to the Government street lot; but he expects, or at least asserts a claim to, a larger outlay than is devoted to Government street. If the City of Victoria had remained within its original limits as when first incorporated, there is no doubt but that to day a much lower rate than 1 per cent. would amply meet all her ordinary requirements. But as to the newly annexed districts the present rate of 1 per cent., or even a rate of 10 per cent. per annum on them alone, would not suffice to furnish them with conveniences, apparatus &c., equivalent to those which the original Corporation has already procured for itself. So long, therefore, as the policy is to provide by means of the general revenue for the street laying and sidewalks water-pipes and lighting, connection, &c., in the outlying districts, it is necessary to tax the proprietors of the original town site thus heavily, so as to provide beyond their own requirements a surplus which can be applied for the improvement of the newly annexed lots. We submit that as the taxpayers of the older portions of the city have provided these things for themselves wholly out of their own resources, so the making of new streets, the laying of proper water-pipes, lighting connections, &c., if desired by the owners in the annexed districts, should be wholly borne by them, either by special rate, or in such other manner as may be found expedient, and not out of the general revenue of the city, nor by a general loan, the weight of which would fall mainly on the owners of the original townsite, nor perhaps (except as to sidewalks) until the newly annexed citizens express such desire. They would still obtain great advantages in being admitted as co-owners in such matters as the water works, police and fire departments, &c., as organized. It would be difficult or impossible for them to obtain water elsewhere; and separate fire and police establishments would certainly be more expensive, and probably less efficient, than those already existing. Ten or fifteen years ago, all sidewalks were paid for not out of general revenue, but, as here suggested, by the owners of the lots accommodated.

The municipal accounts for the year 1891 have been published in the newspapers, but not brought officially to our attention, nor has any evidence been given concerning them, or any part of their contents. We have thought it, however, within our duty to peruse them, but without any skilled assistance. There are two or three matters which appear of interest. 1st. It does not appear who made the estimate of the municipal assets, or whether that estimate had been checked in any way. The signature of the sworn Auditor, of course, merely means that the items in the accounts correspond with documents or estimates laid before him; not that he has formed any opinion of his own as to value. Yet the waterworks are set down as an asset worth exactly $1,000,000. In December, 1889, they had been valued at $481,116. In another compartment of the accounts for 1891 the whole construction account is set down at $513,971. It might be interesting to ascertain the motive of this sudden rise of $516,000 above 1889 representing nearly the entire estimated surplus of the municipal assets over liabilities $330,189. There does not appear any authority, even by by-law, to expend $500 on "Secret Service"; or $300 for 500 copies of a 5-cent paper; or for several other items which were nevertheless set out, it must be said, without any attempt at concealment. It is not clear how the Corporation have received $300,000 from the Sewerage Loan, and also $229,181 from the British Columbia Corporation Company, Limited. If there be any error here, or in the sudden and enormous rise in the value of the water works, it may be difficult to retain the estimate of the value of the city assets above the city liabilities. But these questions, which probably are capable of immediate explanation, are not necessary to be dealt with in a report under our present Commission.

MATT B. BEGBIE,
M. W. TYRWHITT DRAKE. } Commissioners.

Schedule "A," referred to in the report, contains a list of all the salaries of civic officials. Also the following memoranda, viz: Waterworks loans list; water rates received to Nov. 31, 1891; number of men employed on the streets during 1890 and 1891; list of appointments by by-laws in 1890-91; list of appointments, other than by by-law, 1891; statement of bonus by-laws, and statement of loans.

Annexed to the report are copies of the Commission, under which the enquiry was held, and the preliminary list of charges, which have already been published in the COLONIST. The answers to these charges are also published, and a second list of supplementary charges, to which no replies are given.

TENDERS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Separate and bulk sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned (addressed to John Robertson, Esq.) up to Friday noon, the 4th day of March, 1892, for the erection and completion of a frame building on Richard street, for the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society. Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information obtained by applying at the architects' office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDW'D MCCOSKRIE & CO.,
Architects.
Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. f25-td

Re Estate of Abel Beswick,
DECEASED.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

For Sale—All that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Victoria and described as Section 56 Spring Ridge, on the official map, containing good sand for building and other purposes.

Also two lots, each 140x45, on North Park St., a few yards from Cook St tram line, described as Nos. 5 and 6 of sub-division lot 1, suburban lot 18, Victoria City.

Tenders (terms cash) for either of or both of the above properties to be sent to the undersigned not later than Thursday, March 10 h, 1892. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS BURTON,
22 Kingston Street,
fe25 2w James Bay.

Tenders for Langley Prairie Farm

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the farm property composed of Lot 309 and the Southerly portion of Lot 308, Group 2, New Westminster District, containing in all 225 acres, more or less. Terms, two-thirds cash, balance to be secured by mortgage on the land. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. LINDLEY CREASE, 16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for Estate of Adam Innes, deceased. fb12-tf

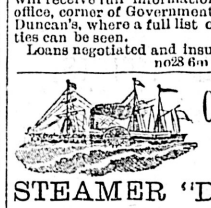
HENRY FRY, Jr.,
Civil Engineer,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
DUNCAN'S STATION, E. & N. R'Y.
(COWICHAN DISTRICT.)

Complete Plans of the District can be seen, and intending purchasers of Agricultural Lands or Town Lots in

DUNCAN'S, MACPHERSON'S, KOKSILAH OR CHEMAINUS

will receive full information by calling at the office, corner of Government and Craig Streets, Duncan's, where a full list of desirable properties can be seen.

Loans negotiated and Insurance effected.
no28 6m



C. P. N. CO.
[LIMITED.]

STEAMER "DANUBE"
CAPT. MEYER,
Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf for
Naas River, Fort Simpson and Way Ports,
THURSDAY, MARCH 3.

At 5 o'clock p.m., and from Outer Wharf at 8 o'clock, p.m. For freight or passage apply at the office of company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING,
fe23 td Manager.

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

Having returned from Europe, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest method in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest setting, Diamonds into Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first class work furnished.

DR. HARTMAN,
ja 73 Government St

A NICE HOT LUNCH

We have a most excellent fare,
Our cellar is as good as our cook.
We will treat you all on the square,
If you will in on us look.

EVERY NIGHT AT THE

Bee Hive Saloon

Corner Broad and Fort Streets.

COOK & IRVING, PROPS.
fe9-1m

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW

My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.

PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES
AND
Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse

G. A. McTAVISH,
Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman, 9 Park Road, Victoria. an21

I USE
this space to advertise in.
I DO
this because it pays me.
I KNOW
that dealing with me will pay you.
I BUY
the very best and sell at fair prices.
I AM
Henry Saunders, of Johnson Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THERE IS NO COMFORT

like a well-fitting, easy, nice-looking boot. It makes you feel at rest; it looks good, and there are none of those shooting, racking pains which are Nature's way of rebelling against any outrage upon her.

THERE IS NO AGONY

like a cramped, stiff shoe. It is a miserable infliction upon a man or woman. You can avoid all this by purchasing your footwear from A. B. Erskine, No. 132 Government Street. The boots he keeps are not for fashion or fad. The motto pervading his store is

"COMFORT AND GOOD VALUE."

KASLO · CITY

Kootenay Lake, B. C.

ALMOST EVERY MAIL brings additional particulars of the wonderful mineral deposits tributary to Kaslo City. Transportation facilities are being arranged for, making KASLO CITY their terminal point.

Many thousands of people will make KASLO CITY their headquarters during the coming season.

Every possible arrangement is being made to have material on the ground for building as soon as the season will permit, so that all who come will be comfortably accommodated.

The general agents are besieged with enquiries from all parts of the mining States with regard to purchasing lots in KASLO CITY for business purposes.

Ever since the property was placed on the market there have been constant sales. Don't fail to make enquiries early.

The location of KASLO CITY is admirable. It is not only the headquarters for one of the RICHEST MINING SECTIONS DISCOVERED IN AMERICA, but is naturally a pleasant, convenient and beautiful townsite.

The mines tributary to KASLO CITY will receive more attention from capitalists and prospectors this year than those of any other section of West Kootenay.

There is just as much prospect for KASLO CITY to-day as there was for Helena, Butte, Denver, or any of the great mining towns of the Western States.

The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Company have built a spacious hotel, but others will go up just as soon as the season will permit.

The route to the great discoveries known as the "SLOCAN STRIKE" from Kaslo City is an easy grade. A trail has been built and a wagon road will follow.

KASLO CITY is sure to become the supply centre for this great region. It will become a large and prosperous town. Fortunes are made by investing in the early history of a growing town.

You cannot do better than invest in KASLO CITY. It is sure to bring a handsome return. Any enquiry will be cheerfully answered.

For further particulars address the undersigned, or apply to any of the city agents in British Columbia, or at Spokane, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Butte, Helena, etc.

IRVING & HAYWOOD

[General Agents of the Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co.,

28½ Broad St., Victoria, B. C.

DALBY & CLAXTON,

—HAVE FOR SALE—

Several Desirable Residential Lots

Situated on Fort Street, Nearly Opposite to Dunsmuir Castle, at Prices

FROM $850 TO $1,350

Also, THREE LOTS ON MENZIES STREET, Opposite the Government Grounds. These are within seven minutes' walk of the Post Office, and are good investments.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

AGENTS FOR WELLS FARGO & CO.
an25-1yr

A FOOD that is eminently The Great Strength-Giver!

Should be sought after by those seeking to attain PHYSICAL - DEVELOPMENT AND GOOD POWERS OF ENDURANCE

NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

IN obedience to a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 25th day of February, 1892, and to me directed in the suit of Braden & Stamford v. Bergman, for the sum of $776.50, and interest on the said sum at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the 25th day of February, 1892, besides Sheriff's poundage, officers' fees, and all other legal incidental expenses, I have seized and will sell at public auction on the premises of the defendant, W. E. Bergman, at 76 Yates street, corner of Yates and Broad, on Friday, the 4th day of March, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the undermentioned property, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs, viz: 10 Blankets, Mirrors, a Parlor Set, 10 Thermometers, 14 pieces Rubber Cloth, Stoves, 3 White Baths, 1 Electric Bath Tub, Soap Stone Marble Slab, Bedstead, Mattresses, and other Household and Office Furniture and Medical Instruments.

Terms Cash.

JAS. E. McMILLAN,
She iff.
Victoria, March 2, 1892. m2 3t

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the powers contained in the Rivers and Streams Act, 1890, the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited, propose, by clearing and removing the obstructions in the Cowichan river, between Cowichan lake and Cowichan bay, as delineated upon a plan deposited in the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for this Province, to make the said river, between the said points, fit for rafting and driving thereon logs, timber and lumber.

And the said company propose to charge all or any persons using the said improvement for any of the said purpose at the following rate of tolls, that is to say: The sum of twenty-five cents per thousand for all timber, saw logs, spars, piles, ties or other material of the like nature floated down, or over, or through the said improvements or any of them.

Dated the 29th day of January, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited. ja30-2m

GEORGE EDWARD HAWES.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act," notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having claims upon and against the estate of George Edward Hawes, general grocer, late of No. 101 Fort street, Victoria, B. C., are required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned on or before the 15th March, 1892, after which date the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the trustees shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice.

Dated the 8th day of February, 1892.

WILLIAM JOSEPH PENDRAY,
SIMON LEISER,
fe9 Assignees.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of British Columbia, at its next sitting, for a private bill to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, equipping and maintaining a railway from a convenient point on the eastern boundary of the Province to the northern terminus of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway on Vancouver Island, via Yellow Head Pass, Cariboo, and Bute Inlet, with power to construct and maintain branch lines, to construct and operate telegraph and telephone lines, to build and operate steam and other vessels, and generally to do all things conducive or incidental to the attainment of the above purposes, or any of them, and for a grant of land in aid of the proposed enterprise.

C. DUBOIS MASON,
fa15-6wks Solicitor for the Applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to authorize the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow money on debentures or otherwise, for the purpose of paying off debts and liabilities incurred by previous Councils; and to replace money diverted from loan to ordinary revenue, and from the purpose named in the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; and to make good and to apply to water works purposes the income diverted from the water works which has been applied to revenue purposes; and to replace the revenue of 1892, used in payment of liabilities incurred by previous Councils; to change certain debentures from currency to sterling, and to make principal and interest payable in England; and to permit the disposal of them at a rate below par; to provide funds by loan for the consolidation of the existing debt of the city; to write off certain accounts and change the estimated value of assets, without making the amount an expenditure chargeable out of annual revenue; to amend the Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873, and to adjust the accounts of the Victoria water works; to complete the cemetery purchase; to further define the city limits; to add to the voters' list the names of those persons who were within the extended limits, as contemplated by section 267 of the Municipal Act; to divide the Municipality into wards prior to assessment; to extend the by-laws of the Corporation to the said extended limits; to deal with the assessment roll, 1891; to authorize the conveyance of the land to purchasers under the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; to repeal the "Victoria Municipal Ordinance 1867," and the "Victoria Municipal Amendment Ordinance, 1869," and sections 1, 2, 7, 8 and 9 of the "Fire Companies' Aid Ordinance, 1869," and to amend the "Fire Companies' Aid Amendment Act, 1891."

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
January 21st, 1892. 6w-ja23

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for renewal of Hotel Dallas liquor license.

fe14-1m WM. JENSEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Court, at its next sitting, for a transfer from John Walsh to James Rollins of the license to sell wines and other liquors at premises situate on Humboldt street in this city, and known as the "White Horse."

Dated February 3rd, 1892.

WALKER, PEMBERTON & DUMBLETON,
fe4 30t Solicitors for James Rollins.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer of the license to sell wines and other liquors on premises known as the St. George's Inn, Esquimalt road, in the city of Victoria, from William McDonald to Benjamin Carter.

WALKER, PEMBERTON & DUMBLETON,
Solicitors for Benjamin Carter.
Dated the 5th day of February, 1892. fe6-30t

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described tract of land, situated in Range 5, Coast District, more particularly described as follows: Commencing where a post has been planted at the northeast corner of Lot 70, Range 5; thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, more or less, to the place of commencement; containing 3.0 acres, more or less.

A. ELLIS.
Victoria, February 18, 1892. fe19

SIXTY days after date I intend making application to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres more or less, Barclay Sound, commencing at D. W. Morrow's north west corner, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to place of commencement.

W. WILSON.
January 23, 1892. ja29-2m-w

NOTICE.

P. T. HEBLER is no longer in the employment of the undersigned. His position as canvassing agent for the B. C. Directory was discontinued Dec. 1st, last.

fe24-2w R. T. WILLIAMS.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday Oct. 20th, 1891. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily. | | |

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3 1892.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States)..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

A PLEASANT REMEDY.

It will rejoice the hearts of the youngsters to know that oranges, taken by the dozen, are regarded by some medical men as a remedy for the prevailing influenza. Mr De Lacy Evans, who was a surgeon on the Gold Coast some time ago, sees a strong resemblance between the grippe and a disease which did a great deal of mischief among the natives of that part of Africa. Like the grippe, it had a strong tendency to develop into inflammation of the lungs, which often proved fatal. The disease yielded to the orange treatment. The juice of that fragrant fruit, taken wholesale, had a good effect upon the patient. This is a simple, a cheap and a pleasant remedy, and is well worth trying. There may be this disadvantage connected with the use of oranges as a medicine: Some artless creatures may be suddenly and severely attacked with la grippe in order to have a good "blowout" of oranges. It is not often that people get sick for the sake of taking the medicine that is to cure them, and the drawback, since it is not dangerous, will not be generally regarded as serious. We may add that a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette testifies to the efficacy of the orange cure, and adds that lemon juice is also beneficial.

CONSERVATIVE TRIUMPHS.

The star of the Abbott Government is still in the ascendent. That Government has won victory after victory in Ontario, and it appears to have commenced its triumphant march in Quebec. Two seats have been already captured in that province, and those who are in a position to speak with authority, say that they are only the first of a series of triumphs. This is the roll of the Government's victories. It has captured from the Liberals:

Bruce East
Hastings East
Huron West
Lennox
London
Ontario South
Quebec West
Queen's, N. B.
Simcoe East
Soulanges, P. Q.
Victoria North
Vaudreuil

Such a succession of victories is, we believe, unparalleled in the political history of the Dominion. They have been won, too, in a campaign on which the Liberals counted upon many victories. But their shortsightedness and want of sagacity have, of late, become very conspicuous. The following are the elections to come off on the first half of the present month:

Montcalm	March	3
South Perth	"	10
Monck	"	10
Montmorency	"	11
West Northumberland	"	15

A SOUND SUGGESTION.

We find, in the very able report of the painstaking Royal Commissioners, what we have looked for in vain in the speeches and articles of those engaged in the discussion on the Esquimalt Waterworks Bill, namely, an intelligent and reliable estimate of the capacity of Elk Lake as a source of water supply. It will not, we think, be said, even by the most prejudiced and ill-natured, that the Commissioners were actuated by any improper motive when they included the following suggestion and estimate in their report:

"We think that it is time that this should at length be recognized, and that the complaints of the consumer of the strong flavor of morass, which not even boiling will completely cure, should be attended to. This can only be done, we think, by taking the water direct from Elk Lake. This will involve, no doubt, a further considerable outlay. What is suggested to us is to abandon Beaver Lake altogether; to have a dam to rise six or eight feet above the surface of Elk Lake, for which, it is said, there is a favorable place; and a mile of new pipe laying. It is suggested that this new dam will provide an additional stratum of water beyond the present natural supply, of about 400 acres, six feet deep, or about 640,000,000 of gallons; a supply of 60 gallons per day for 50,000 people for 200 days without rain. It is proposed to take this supply midway between the bottom and the surface of the lake; self-filtered water, since organic impurities float towards the surface, and inorganic impurities sink to the floor. It is proposed to have at the lake, a tower fifty feet high and by steam power to pump it to the summit, so as to serve the highest points of the city by gravitation; this in substitution for the present steam pumping apparatus in Victoria, which has to drive the water 150 feet high. It is said that this scheme can be carried out for $100 000. Upon this scheme we offer no opinion, except that much money has been spent for objects of less immediate or practical utility."

If any dependence is to be placed on this estimate—and we cannot see why it should not be taken as reliable—the intelligent reader will be able to form a pretty correct opinion as to the likelihood of Victoria's trying to get a supply of water, within a period of time at all measurable, from any other source than Elk Lake.

WHOLESALE ROBBERY.

The number and the magnitude of the Mercier robberies are almost incredible. Their audacity too is marvellous. The accounts that come from the East are not mere election rumors, but they are the sworn statements of reliable men who have had dealings with the late Quebec Government. Names and dates and amounts are all given, and the men implicated appear to have no defence to make. For instance, in the matter of the Temiscouata Railway Mr. J. J. Macdonald swore before the Commission now sitting, that in order to get $239,210 due him he had to pay to the Government's boodling agent Pacaud about $32,400. "The mode of extraction," says the Montreal Gazette, "seems simple. When a payment on account of subsidy was due, Pacaud made a demand, and when the demand was met, the Government cheque issued; a delay in paying Pacaud meant a delay in receiving the appropriation from Mr. Mercier."

The sum of twenty thousand dollars was taken from the subsidy granted to the Hereford railway in something like the same way. The Commission found by tracing the cheque through the banks, that it was used to pay a note made by Pacaud. It is asserted that the proceeds were divided between Pacaud, Mercier and C. Langelier. Some of the boodle was used to pay for a property known as "Tourouvre," which Mr. Mercier purchased. The cases are so clear that it will be surprising if criminal proceedings are not commenced in the Courts against Mercier and his fellow boodlers. He hopes to brazen it out if the election goes in his favor, but it seems to us that a victory at the polls will only make his fall the greater. It is hardly possible that iniquity so glaring will be allowed to go unpunished. It is ridiculous to suppose, as Judge Jette appeared to have done, that Mercier was the unconscious and innocent sharer of Pacaud's plunder. It is pretty evident that, let the elections on the 8th inst. result as they may, Mercier has gone to the length of his tether.

A COMPETENT WITNESS.

The disciples of Sir Richard Cartwright would have the people of Canada believe that they are free-traders, but their eagerness to enter into the closest kind of commercial alliance with the most intensely protectionist country in the world is strong proof of the insincerity of their professions. No true free-trader would, for a moment, entertain a proposition to enter into an arrangement with the United States, the essential condition of which is that Canada should adopt the protectionist tariff of that country. From a merely economic point of view, the proposition would appear to a true free-trader as simply monstrous. To accept it would be to forswear his distinctive trade principles—to repudiate his cherished commercial creed, and to adopt and act upon what he professes to believe is the unreasonable as well as the most ruinous of economic heresies. When viewed from the standpoint of a loyal Canadian, the apostacy would appear to him the more hateful and atrocious, for there would be added to the turpitude of economic heresy, the sins of ingratitude and disloyalty. How could he, a free-trader, and a true hearted British subject, become a rank protectionist, and bring himself to favor a foreigner at the expense of his dear Mother Country? To do so would be to lower himself immeasurably, both intellectually and morally, in his own estimation. No honest and self-respecting British free-trader could do this.

How the Canadian advocate of unrestricted reciprocity is regarded by intelligent English free-traders may be gathered from the following article from the Economist, the ablest of British commercial periodicals, That paper, in its issue of the 13th February, says:

"That it (unrestricted reciprocity) is a wise policy we cannot, however, admit. We will not stop to consider what Canada owes to the Mother Country, or whether our interests would or not be prejudicially affected were commercial advantages over us accorded by Canada to the United States. Let us look at the matter from the purely Canadian point of view, and thus regarded, what we fail to see is why, if the Liberal party are sincere in their preference for complete free trade over mere unrestricted reciprocity with the United States, they should speak of the one as being less attainable than the othtr. Neither can be obtained until they have succeeded in winning over to their side a majority of the electorate; but, given that majority, why should it not be used for the one purpose as well as for the other? And, apart from this, nothing is more evident than that such a policy as Sir Richard Cartwright recommends would, instead of lightening, increase the burdens which now press upon the Canadian taxpayers. It involves a sacrifice of something like £1,500,000 of revenue, and were there an all-round reduction of custom duties to that amount. Canadian consumers would realize a double gain. They would have the gain resulting from the low prices of the imported goods, and the further gain that would ensue from the lowering of the prices of the home products with which these imports compete. Neither of these advantages, however, can they hope to realize under Sir Richard Cartwright's plan. What benefit may accrue will go not to them, but to the American manufacturers, who, being protected in the Canadian markets against the only effective competition they have to fear, viz., that of this country, would be under no compulsion to lower their prices, and would consequently pocket the million and a half or so which the revenue would lose by the abolition of the duties upon their goods, while new taxes would have to be imposed to make good the deficiency in the revenue. Thus, as we have said, the Canadians would be taxed twice over—taxed for the benefit of United States manufacturers and taxed for the purposes of their own Government. And bad although the existing state of things may be from the economic point of view, that which Sir Richard Cartwright is anxious to establish would, it seems to us, be even worse. Nor do we see where, from the moral point of view, any advantage is to be reaped. If it be the case that the policy of protection to Canadian manufactures has been so utterly subversive of political morality as—not, we fear, without cause—Sir Richard represents it to have been, will the political atmosphere be cleared by merely extending similar protection in Canadian markets to the manufacturers of the United States."

This passage well deserves a second reading. Not only does it expose the stupidity or the hypocrisy of the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity who pretend to be free-traders in the British sense, but it also proves that unrestricted reciprocity would add very materially to the burden of the Canadian taxpayer without his receiving any compensating benefit. The seven millions and a half of revenue that Canada would lose would go into the pockets of the protected American manufacturer, and the Canadian taxpayers would have to make up the deficiency besides paying heavier duties on the goods that the Dominion would still have to import.

AUCTION SALES.

GEO. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

THIS DAY,

AT 11 A. M.

FURNITURE

I have been instructed by R. F. Daly, Esq., to sell by auction at his residence, 124 Richardson street, all his well kept and nearly new furniture, consisting of

Drawing-room — Over-Mantel, Plush Sofa, Bamboo Settee, Chairs, Tea Table, Music Stand, Corner Chairs, Lady's Rocking, Easel and Book Stand, Handsome lamp Brackets, Ornaments, Screen, Brass Fender and Fire Irons, Brussels Carpet.

Dining room—Oak Sideboard and Dining Table, Plush Bed Lounge, Dumb Waiter, Book Case, Dinner Set, Glassware, Lamps, Hearth Rug, Stair and Hall Carpets, Oilcloth, Fine Brussels Carpet with border, Mats, Poles and Blinds, Umbrella Stand, Filter, Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

Bedrooms — Three Bedroom Suites in Oak and Pine, Mattresses, Pillows, Bedding, Chamber Sets, Carpets.

Kitchen—A fine Acorn Range, No. 8, with hot water pipes, Cooking Utensils Tinware, Crockery, Lamps, Meat Safe, Steps, Wash Tubs, Lanterns, Jars Carpet Sweeper.

Sundries—Lawn Mower, Garden Hose, Sprinkler, Garden Hammock, Frame and Tent, Garden Tools, Rose Spray, etc, etc.

G. BYRNES,
feb28 Auctioneer.

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

I have received instructions, and will sell at my salerooms,

40 YATES ST.,

—ON—

THIS DAY,

AT 11 A.M.,

1,500 lbs. of Butter.

A quantity of Furniture

ETC., ETC., ETC.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

NO. 12 RANDAL ST., JAMES BAY.

Richards & Cuthbert

are instructed by Mr. Bywater, who is giving up housekeeping, owing to his wife's illness, to

SELL BY AUCTION,

—ON—

MONDAY,

MARCH 7,

at 2 o'clock, p.m., the

EXCELLENT FURNISHINGS

of his residence, comprising:

Lounge, upholstered in embossed plush; upholstered Student's Chair, Easel, Wicker Chair, FINE DOHERTY ORGAN, 10 stops, knee swells, moose pr of pedals, in excellent condition; 6 high backed Oak Dining Chairs, 2 Oak Rockers, Extension Table, Lounge, Clock, Hanging Lamp, Bed Set 7 pieces, Single Bedstead and Mattrass, Brussels Carpets, Turkish Hearth-rug, Skin Hearth-rug, VERY FINE VELVET PILE CENTRE SQUARE, Velvet and Lace Curtains, Oilcloth, No. 8 Cook Stove, Heating Stove, Kitchen Table and Chairs, Crockery, Electro-plated Claret Jug, Spoons, Knives and Forks, Bed and Table Linen, Blankets, &c., &c.

☞ The Auctioneers desire to call special attention to the fact that everything in the house is perfectly new, and has only been in use ONE month. ☞ The house to let.

Terms—cash. American silver only received at a discount of 5 per cent.

RICHARS & CUTHBERT,
feb28 Auctioneers.

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. VICTOR AUSTIN

Teacher of Violin, Guitar & Mandolin.

Application can be made at the Conservatory of Music, 95 Douglas st. oct1

VICTORIA COLLEGE.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MRS. WASTIE GREEN.

MASTERS—MR. HENRY GOWARD, MA., LLB., Double Honors Prizeman, University of London, England.

MR. L. H. FULLAGER, B.A., Calus' College, Cambridge, England.

MR. E. P. LEAKEY, Queen's College, Cambridge, England.

Thorough preparatory training for the Universities, Public Schools and Business.

Boarders are admitted at the age of 9.

Terms on application. Address

LADY PRINCIPAL,
Victoria College,
fe23 Victoria, B.C.

TO RENT.

A first-class store or office on Government street, near the Post Office; size, 11 feet by 60 feet. Apply early to

ROUTLEDGE & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers,
fe23-1m Victoria.

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN.

A HOUSE, almost new. Size of lot, 75 feet by 100 feet. Accommodation—Drawing-room, Dining-room, Library, 3 Bedrooms, Bath-room, Kitchen, Scullery, and Out-offices. A neatly laid out lawn in front of residence, and a good sized vegetable garden in the rear of dwelling Situated on the corner of two of the most fashionable streets in Victoria, about five minutes walk from the Post Office. Price $6,500; half cash, balance on mortgage. Apply

ROUTLEDGE & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers,
fe23-1m Victoria.

TO LET.

A WELL FINISHED

ROOMY NEW HOUSE

on Sylvia Street, Dallas Road, with every convenience, and full view of the Straits. Rent, $35 per month. Apply at 301 Government St.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
fe25-tf Architect.

GILLETT'S

PURE POWDERED 100%

LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

ju2-tts

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded,

Is SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY

COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
fno25-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

GOLD LACK SEC.

(Deutz & Geldermann's)

IS THE

FINEST

CHAMPAGNE

ON THE

English Market.

It is the favorite of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, the Court, the Army and Navy Club, etc., and used at nearly all important Banquets.

Ask your Wine Merchant or Grocer for it and judge for yourself.

W. H. REDMOND,
AGENT FOR B.C.,
VICTORIA
ja9-tts-2m

TO THE PUBLIC.

I Have Started a

HORSESHOEING BUSINESS

In Grimm's old carriage shop on Johnson street, between Broad and Douglas. Thanking all of my old patrons for past favors, I solicit a share of the public trade.

fe5-1m WM. HODGE.

NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS.

FOR DAY, Week or Month, from $6 to $10; and unfurnished room, 23x17, two windows, facing street, suitable for office, 101 Government street. se1-tf

SPLENDID

English and German Singing Canaries

FOR SALE.

P. LANGE, 93 GOVERNMENT STREET.
fe3-2m

MISCELLANEOUS

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE—

MANCHESTER

HOUSE

FIRST CONSIGNMENT OF

SPRING GOODS

CONSISTING OF

CANADIAN PRINTS.

AMERICAN PRINTS.

AMERICAN CHALLIES

HONEYCOMB & MARSEILLES QUILTS

American Prints, 10 yds. for $1.00
Challies, - - 10 yds. for $1.00
Double Width Challies, 6 yds. for $1.00

T. HAUGHTON & CO.,

88 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

Syndicate to Purchase the Steamer

'B·E·A·V·E·R,'

NOW LYING AT VANCOUVER, B.C.,

With a View to Exhibiting Her at the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893.

This steamer was the first that ever ploughed the broad bosom of the noble Pacific. She was built on the Clyde in 1834, and rounded Cape Horn in 1835. As she now lies, she still retains all the characteristics and curiosities a tached to her since the day she was launched, making her, from an historical point of view, an object of much comment.

The article in the DAILY COLONIST of Victoria, B. C., dated September 2, 1874, recently re-published, gives a fair idea of the great interest this veteran steamer will create in the middle of an Exhibition crowded by visitors from all parts of the globe.

The following is an estimate of the cost of transporting the vessel to Chicago and there placing her in a position ready for exhibit, together with the approximate expenditure of conducting the exhibit for a period of six months:

The "Beaver," as she now lies, can be dismantled, divided into four sections, and transported to Chicago by rail at a cost not exceeding (This sum includes all expenses up to her arrival in the Exhibition Grounds)		$ 5,000 00
Cost of placing her together again, ready for exhibit		1,000 00
A suitable building is to be erected on the grounds, inside of which she will be exhibited, at a cost of, say		10,000 00
The expenditure from the day of her arrival on the Exhibition Grounds and during the Exhibition, say, six months, will, roughly, amount to $300 per month. This to include wages of manager and attendants, office expenses, light and other accessories, the total in six months being		1,800 00
The cost of the steamer, which the owners agree to accept in shares in the undertaking, is		15,000 00
Thus the total expenditure which will have to be incurred up to the end of six months will be		$32,800 00
The capital stock of the company will be $50,000, divided into 50 shares of $1,000 per share, payable in cash	$50,000 00	
Leaving a balance in hand of		17,200 00
	$50,000 00	$50,000 00

which it is proposed to hold as a reserve to cover minor incidental expenses in the way of advertising and other items which may be omitted from the above schedule.

Against this sum will be the earnings for admission, which admission it is proposed to fix at ten cents per head. At a very reasonable estimate at least 300,000 persons will visit the Exhibition daily (the Paris Exposition of 1889 attained an average exceeding that number). Out of this attendance of visitors we may fairly rely upon one twentieth who will desire to view the first steamer that ever floated on the Pacific ocean, and this twentieth, at a rough estimate, will bring in an amount of $1,500 per day, which in six months, calculating 30 days per month, would show a receipt of $270,000 00

Under the Interstate Railroad Laws of the United States, it has been agreed by the American railway companies to return all exhibits to the World's Fair free of cost. Therefore, should a majority of the shareholders vote that the boat be returned, the company transporting her to Chicago are prepared to give a warranty to that effect; but in the opinion of the promoters a large sum could be obtained by selling the vessel in Chicago, to be cut up for curios after the Exhibition is closed, and the amount thus realized would be an additional asset over and above the receipts as given in the estimate.

MESSRS. GREEN, WORLOCK & CO., Bankers, of Victoria, B. C., have consented to act as Trustees of the Syndicate, and MESSRS. WELLS, FARGO & CO., of San Francisco, are authorized to give receipts for shares.

MESSRS. HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO., of Victoria, B. C., are the Brokers, from whom any further information required can be obtained.

THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Stock has been subscribed; $15,000 yet remains to be disposed of, and may be had on application to the Brokers.

mc2 6t

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL -:- THEATRE

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF

Rice's Victoria Stock Co'y

WEEK BEGINNING FEB. 29TH.

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
The great Comedy Success,

"UNCLE DAN'L."

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, AND SATURDAY MATINEE,
The Society Comedy Drama,

'DIVORCE.'

OUR POPULAR PRICES—25c., 35c., 50c. Box Seats 60c. Seats reserved at Kerr & Begg's Book Store.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

JAS. COLLINS, MANAGER.

Engagement for a limited period,

Thursday, Friday & Saturday,
March 3, 4 and 5.

THE MADISON SQUARE CO.

Presenting Joaquin Miller's Romantic Drama in five acts, entitled

"THE DANITES."

Magnificent new scenery, and cast with the whole strength of the company.

Scale of prices—Reserved seats $1; 75c., 50c. Gallery 25c.

Each lady attending will be presented with a ticket entitling her to a chance in a beautiful Oil painting, to be drawn on Saturday evening, March 5th.

Reserved seats at Jamieson's.

RUSSIA

—AND—

RUSSIANS.

A Lecture on the above subject, under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia and the Members of the Legislative Assembly, will be delivered at the

VICTORIA -:- THEATRE

MARCH 7, at 8 p.m., by

C. Phillips-Wolley, F.R.G.S.

Late British Vice-Consul to Southern Russia, in aid of the starving peasantry in the corn-growing districts of Russia.

The funds collected will be distributed through English agents and will not be handled by Russian agents.

Tickets to parquette and dress circle, $1; gallery 25c. For sale at Waitt & Co's Stationery and Music Stores. mc1

BANKERS' NOTICE

UNITED STATES SILVER COIN.

From and after 1st March prox., the following Banks will only receive United States Silver Coin at a discount of five per cent.

BANK BRITISH COLUMBIA,
WM. C. WARD, Manager.
BANK BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
G. H. BURNS, Manager.
BANK OF MONTREAL,
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.
GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
FRED. H. WORLOCK, Manager
Victoria, Feb. 25, 1892. fe26-1m

MUNICIPAL.

UNITED STATES SILVER COIN.

On and after the first day of March next, the Treasurer and Collectors of the Corporation of the City of Victoria will receive United States silver coin only at a discount of five per cent.

CHAS. KENT,
fe27 Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES OF rich bottom land in Somenos District, Cowichan, two miles from railroad station. Apply to

C. BEAUMONT,
Cor. Gov't and Bay Streets,
Victoria, B.C.
February 20, 1892. fe21-tf

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.

☞ Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

PREPARE FOR SPRING

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR

Repairs, -:- Alterations

Office and Store Fittings or Other Carpenter Work, With

J. P. BURGESS,

10 Broughton Street.

IT IS AN ADMITTED FACT

—THAT—

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

are annually wasted by advertisers in not using enough

BRAINS

in the preparation of advertising matter.

Address M. H. R., Colonist Office
fe12-tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

W. Bryce, who has owned the carriers' route of the COLONIST, south of View street, for the past several years, the other day purchased the route lying north of View street from F. J. Hall, who has carried the COLONIST for the past ten years. Mr. Hall recently sustained an injury to his knee, which compelled him to abandon the work. Mr. Bryce has resigned his position at the Indian Office, and will hereafter devote his whole time and energy to seeing that the COLONIST is early and always delivered to subscribers, and that its circulation is increased. The work could not be in better hands. All subscribers will please make note of the change.

THE CITY.

The Crofter Bill.

No intimation has been made by the Government as to how soon the Crofter bill may be expected to be introduced in the House.

In Rehearsal.

The operetta Tyrolean Queen, and the principal parts of the opera Pirates of Penzance, were given satisfactory rehearsals, last evening. Everything is running smoothly.

The Estimates.

It is quite unlikely that the Estimates will be brought down this week. Probably next Tuesday will be the day, and after members have had a chance to go through the Estimates, the budget will be brought down.

Sale of Comox Land.

At Messrs. Richards and Cuthbert's sale of Comox property yesterday, at their sale rooms at Trounce avenue, thirty lots were disposed of at figures ranging from $20 to $150. Bidding was brisk, and there was a large attendance.

Brought Down With a Bullet.

There are some cats that Care will not kill, and a panther usually belongs to the family. Mr. H. Fisher, of Metchosin, yesterday, relieved Care of the responsibilities of executioneer, and brought to town a fine male panther.

It Will be Consummated.

The big lumber deal, referred to a few days ago, it is all but certain will be consummated, in which event some of the most valuable timber and sawmill properties in British Columbia will pass into the hands of Tacoma capitalists.

The Wire was Alive.

A harmless looking piece of wire trailing from a pole on Johnson Street became full of life and vigor yesterday, when a horse owned by W. Neil stepped upon it. The animal was not injured but its equine-imity was seariously disturbed.

His Fun not Appreciated.

An information was yesterday sworn against the young gentleman who amused himself on Tuesday night, by wrecking a peanut stand on Government Street. It would have been less expense in the long run had the y. g. dissapated on peanuts instead of champagne.

The Contract for the Duck Building.

The contract for the building of the Duck block on Broad street was let yesterday afternoon, but it was decided to make nothing concerning the matter public until the signing of the final documents this morning. All that can be learned is that the successful tenderer is a local man.

Admitted to the Bar.

Mr. H. A. Simpson, L. L. B., of Nanaimo, appeared before Hon. Justice Walkem, yesterday morning, and, after examination, was admitted to practice in British Columbia as a solicitor and barrister. Mr. Simpson is a barrister and solicitor of Ontario, and since coming to the province, some six months ago, has made many friends.

One on Vancouver Lawyers.

One would presume that the lawyers of Vancouver, from the very nature of their profession, would know enough about parliamentary practice, etc., to be able to draw up a petition to the Legislature that could be properly said to be in order. Their petition *re* having Vancouver made a separate judicial district was yesterday ruled out of order by Hon. Speaker Higgins. The lawyers will now have to put their request into legal shape and send it to His Honor the Lieut. Governor.

Ash Wednesday Service.

Ash Wednesday service was conducted, yesterday morning, in the Roman Catholic Cathedral by the Rev. Father Nicolaye, with mass, the sermon being preached to a large congregation by the Rev. Father Von Goetham. The discourse was taken from the kindred observances that brought about the Ash Wednesday service, and the learned father explained the origin of the ashes, and their connection throughout history with penance, of which they were simply an emblem. Services will be continued in the Cathedral during Lent, as follows: There will be evening service at 7:30 p. m., every night. On Wednesdays, sermon and benediction, and on Fridays, stations of the Cross.

Mr. Forrest To-Night.

This celebrated star will open his engagement with J. E. Rice's stock company at the Imperial Theatre, to-night, in the beautiful drama "Divorce." Mr. Forrest was seen to great advantage as "Capt. Swift," with the Madison Square company, and with him in the lead, this company will undoubtedly draw audiences never before seen at this theatre. So much has been done to make the theatre popular, that it is well filled every night, and with the strengthening of the company, and heavy plays to be produced, a gallery will certainly have to be added to accommodate their patrons. Uncle Dan'l was played last night to a good house, and the characters of the piece were well sustained, Mr. George Berry being exceptionally funny in the title role. There will be no advance in prices.

The Danites.

From the present outlook, Manager Collins, is not only going to fulfill, but will surpass all expectations with the presentation of "The Danites," at The Victoria theatre, to-night, with the new stock company. He has had over a car load of special scenery painted, and it is quite safe to predict one of the handsomest set stages ever seen in Victoria. Those who saw this company last in the production of "Capt. Swift," will hardly recognize them in their new characters—Miss Carl as Billy Piper, Miss Craig as Captain Tommy, Mr. Craig as Sandy, and the other parts equally well cast. In fact it would be a hard matter to go into New York city and gather together, and cast, this beautiful play to better advantage than Manager Collins has done. This being the opening of the new venture, neither time nor expense has been spared to make it a grand success from the outset.

Again Before the Court.

The case of Gray vs. McCallum, was once more before the Divisional Court, yesterday. The argument is still being continued.

The Dominion's Cargo.

The cargo of the barque Dominion was yesterday sold by auction to Mr. D. F. Adams, for $4.50 per thousand. There were in all, 950,000 feet.

Meet This Evening.

The regular annual meeting for the election of officers of the Victoria Athletic Club, takes place this evening, in their rooms. All the members are expected to be present.

The Fishery Commission.

The Fishery Commission meets at the Board of Trade rooms in this city at 10 a.m., when those desiring to give evidence will be heard. Mr. S. Wilmot and Sheriff Armstrong came over from the Mainland last night on the Islander.

Arranged for Temporarily.

The congregation of Emanuel Baptist Church, Spring Ridge, is not provided with a permanent pastor yet, but it is understood a call has been made to a gentleman now in England. Pending a reply local arrangements have been made to fill the pulpit.

Not in the Park.

It was stated at last night's meeting of the city council that the land on which the Albion Cricket Club intended to build its Pavilion at Beacon Hill belonged to private parties, from whom it had been leased, and was not a portion of the park property at all.

Nickels Don't Go.

Since the new order of things came in, the street car conductors have refused to take American nickels except at a valuation of 2½ cents. Many passengers who tender nickels only to have them refused, leave the cars rather than produce Canadian money.

The Other Side.

Referring to the anticipated blackmail action spoken of locally a few days ago, the person believing herself accused pronounces the charge absolutely false, and explains that the only foundation for the story was that she threatened legal proceedings unless a couple of accounts due were promptly settled.

Against the Bill.

A petition is in circulation amongst church members in the city, protesting against the passage of Mr. Nason's bill, now before the Provincial Legislature, to amend the liquor license act so as to allow the saloons to be open on Sundays, except during church hours. It is proposed to vigorously oppose the passage of the bill.

She Has An Eye to Business.

Yesterday was Baby Devlin's birthday, and in honor of the anniversary, Manager Rice, with whose Stock Company she is now playing, presented her with a bright new silver dollar. The baby looked at it a moment, then smiled archly and said:

"It's a Yankee dollar isn't it?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Then it's only worth 95 cents, you know," and the little one pocketed the coin with a sigh, as she thought of the discount.

Sampling and Milling.

The Northwestern Sampling and Milling Co., (limited), has been incorporated with a capital of $100,000, divided into one thousand shares of $100 each. The head-quarters of the company are at Nelson, B. C., and its objects are the sampling, concentrating, buying and selling, reduction and refining of ores, and to acquire mineral properties, to explore and develop mines, and manufacture and deal in mining machinery. The company is backed by men of capital and experience, and it is claimed will "fill a want long felt" in developing the mineral resources of the country.

Farewell to Pastor Townsend.

At Emanuel Baptist Church last night a farewell social was tendered to the Rev. C. W. Townsend. Refreshments were served to as many as could be seated in the edifice. Afterwards a programme was disposed of as follows:

Address.....Mr. A. S. Harper
Chorus.....Choir
Reading.....Miss Pickard
Solo.....Mrs. Clyde
Violin Solo.....Mr. F Richardson

At the conclusion of the programme Mr. A. E. Wescott presented the pastor with an address expressive of the deep regret felt by the congregtion at severing their relations with him, and asking him to accept as a token of remembrance the accompanying gold headed cane. Rev. Mr. Townsend replied in suitable terms.

A Narrow Escape.

Yesterday afternoon, at about 5 o'clock, as Sanitary Officer Bailey was walking along Elizabeth street, near the top of Pandora avenue, he heard children screaming, at the residence of Mr. D. McPhadden, and, running towards the house, discovered that one of the side bedrooms was in a blaze. Calling two men to his assistance, Mr. Bailey rushed in, and found the whole place full of suffocating fumes. Three windows were immediately broken to allow the smoke to escape, and then two children were noticed vainly trying to beat back the flames that were issuing from the drapery of a window cornice, in one end of the room, on fire. He ran for water without delay, and, after several minutes' hard work, succeeded in subduing the conflagration. It was a narrow escape for the youngsters, both of whom had been playing with matches near a flimsy curtain, having been left at home alone.

Charming Maude Granger.

That beautiful and talented emotional actress, Maude Granger, is again going to honor Victoria with a three days' visit. A COLONIST representative met her business manager, Frank C. Thayer, last evening, and heard from him of the long and successful trip the company have had, this season; also his views, and his "star's" prospects in the far North-west. "Well," said Mr. Thayer, "Miss Granger has often spoken to me of her pleasant trip up here, last season, and of how appreciative her audiences were. We will stay three nights, this time, commencing next Wednesday, and the lovely Miss Granger will appear in three of her strongest plays. The opening bill will be Miss Granger's own dramatized version of Belot's grand work, 'L'Article 47,' entitled 'The Creole.' Thursday, she will appear in her great character of Helen, in 'Inherited,' and, Friday, close the engagement with 'Camille.' There is not a doubt but that Miss Granger's engagement will be one of the *elite* theatrical events of the season."

Weiler Bros. are selling their chenille and art curtains at reduced prices to clear. *

SQUANDERED MILLIONS.

The Rise and Fall of a Far Western Boom City.

Based Upon Mining Speculations It Flourished for a Brief Season and Became a Deserted Ruin.

The city of Meadow Lake was once known to everybody, says the Sierraville (Cal.) Mirror. To all, however, it is now a mere memory, this deserted city up in the fastness of Sierra county. Meadow lake was originally a sink-hole about seventy-five feet deep, and was about fourteen feet in diameter. A large dam was erected below it in 1851, the water was held back, and this lake was formed. While building the dam the workmen discovered that much of the rock contained deposits of pure galena, and, thinking they had struck it rich, were not slow in making the discovery known. In the year 1865 the excitement commenced, and every other man met was going to Summit City, as it was then called. Snow was shoveled off the ground as soon as practicable, and the work of building was commenced. In a few months a city arose and every available foot of ground was put into play. At this time the population of the town had reached about four thousand and was rapidly increasing. Quartz-mills were in operation and blasts were going off in thirty or forty tunnels and shafts all the time, making a constant roar. Several small mining companies were obliged to give up the fight, as not a cent had been taken out and thousands put in. Still, no one was discouraged, and to all doubting ears was sounded "Excelsior! Wait till the Excelsior cleans up!" and nothing more was heard from morning till night but the booming of blasts and the cries of "Excelsior! Hurrah for Excelsior!" At this mine the stamps were crushing ore all day, all night, and every day in the week, grunting, groaning to work out the precious metal. The Excelsior cleaned up, and the news was carried to the anxious waiting crowd that the run was unsuccessful and that the attempt would not be repeated. In an almost unbelievably short time the town was deserted; almost a panic resulted. Houses were left with the contents exposed to the storms of an approaching winter; houses with their shelves packed with merchandise remained undisturbed until later, when they were robbed and burned by enterprising citizens of neighboring localities.

The road winds around the lake; the ruins of houses become more frequent until you emerge from the timber and the city lies before you. Now, as one rides down the main street the horses step on a board and voices are echoed back by the old wooden buildings with a harsh metallic ring. Near the center of the town stands a tall flagstaff, bent with storm and winds. Sign poles are still standing in front of the buildings, and open doors reveal the contents or emptiness of them. On every hand lie ruins of hundreds of frame buildings, and here and there whole blocks of buildings destroyed by fire. A careful count reveals the fact that forty-three houses are standing. It is a pitiful sight, this city, on which millions of dollars were expended.

HOW WE HAVE GROWN

A Gradual Development from Thirteen to Forty-Four States.

Since the declaration of independence when the united colonies declared themselves to be free and independent states, says the Chautauquan, the United States has acquired territory in the three following ways:

1. By cessions to the general government from the thirteen original states.
2. By purchase in treaties.
3. By annexation and conquest in war.

In the beginning there were thirteen states with an area of about 340,000 square miles, containing about 3,000,000 people. Now there are forty-four states and five remaining territories, not counting Alaska, with an area of 3,626,000 square miles, and a population, in 1890, of 62,622,000.

Of the thirty-one new states which have been admitted to the union since the adoption of the constitution, one had already formed itself into a state before the convention of 1787 had provided a way for its admission into the union; one, like a "lone star," came from a position of a free and independent republic; one was made out of another state without the other's consent by an extra-constitutional process in civil war; and twenty-eight by enabling acts of congress in the ordinary way were erected into states from the common domain of our national territory.

THE NAME OF MOSES.

The Leader of the Israelites Had Eight Different Names.

It is a curious fact, unknown, perhaps to a majority of readers, says the St. Louis Republic, that Moses of Scriptural fame was called by eight different names in various places in the Bible. Bathia, the daughter of Pharaoh, called him Moses, because she drew him out of the water. Jochebed, his mother, called him Jekuthiel, says: "I had hoped for him." Miriam, his sister, called him Jared, because she had descended after him into the water to see what his end would be. Aaron called his brother Abi Zanuch, because his father had deserted their mother. Amram, the father of Moses, called the boy Chabar, because he was again reunited to the mother of the lad. Kehath, the grandfather of Moses, called him Abigdor, because God had repaired the breach in the house of Jacob. The nurse of the grandfather of Moses called him Abi Socho, because he was once hidden three months in the Tabernacle. All Israel called him Shemaiah, because "in his days God heard their cries and rescued them from their oppressors." Summing up the whole we find that this great lawgiver was known at various times and by various people as: Moses—Jared—Zanuch—Chabar—Abigdor—Socho—Shemaiah.

A VOLCANIC ISLAND.

Mexico Has One, the Result of the Earthquake Last Summer.

A party which has just returned from the head of the gulf of California, says the Chicago Globe, brings the news of the formation of a volcanic island during the earthquake of last summer. At a point near the middle of the gulf, where it has always been considered the deepest, there is now an island that has for its center an active volcano, spouting fire, ashes and mud. The island rises just above the surface of the water and the cone of the volcano is but a few feet above the surface of the island. An attempt was made to land upon the new island by the party, but they found that it was simply a crust and wherever they would place foot the crust would break through and clouds of steam would rise from the orifice. The island is of undoubted volcanic origin and the hole is about fifty feet in diameter, while the cone itself covers nearly the whole of it. When they went up they noticed a furious boiling at the place, but there was no appearance of an island or a volcano. Upon their return they saw the island as it had formed, and they believe that it is constantly growing.

They made sounding around the island and they found that where there had formerly been no bottom to the gulf as far as the usual means of measurement is concerned, now they could find bottom within ten feet of the surface for a mile in any direction of the island. It has the appearance of a ridge and the men think that the center of the gulf has been forced up by some internal pressure like the folds of cloth.

FRANCE'S CHAMPAGNE.

The Yield of 1891 Valued at $25,000,000—Care in Treating the Vintage.

The harvesting of the champagne vintage takes place in the latter part of October and the first weeks in November, and during that period the whole district of Champagne becomes as busy as a bee hive. About fifteen thousand hectares are covered with vines. The yield is estimated at $25,000,000. It is difficult for anybody who has not seen it to appreciate the extreme care taken with the champagne vintage. The grapes are plucked one by one, are selected according to their ripeness and often they have to be cleaned before they are put into the presses. There are two things about champagne that are not generally known. The wine is not the product of white grapes. Three-fourths of the champagne vines produce black grapes only, and the almost white color of the wine is obtained through the perfection of the presses. Again, while in Bordelais and in Bourgogne each crop of grapes has its own individuality and admits of no mixing, it is quite the contrary in Champagne. There they mix several crops, each one of which contributes its own peculiar quality to the wine.

The annual production of champagne wines is abundantly sufficient for the consumption of champagne in the whole world, despite what has been said to the contrary. It amounts to 11,925,000 gallons. The export of champagne wine, which in 1844-45 reached only 6,500,000 bottles, in 1890-91 was 25,000,000. The greatest consumption is in England and the United States; then come Germany, Russia and Belgium.

THE RAINBOW TROUT.

Growth in Popularity and Numbers of a Gamey, Handsome Fish.

Favorable reports continue to reach the United States fish commission as to the result of planting yearling rainbow trout in streams of Missouri and Arkansas. In a letter recently received by the commissioner of fisheries, Mr. G. S. Dickinson, secretary of the Rogers Electric Springs Fish Farm Company, Rogers, Ark., states that in February last five hundred rainbow trout were received at Rogers by Prof. Scoggs, of the Silver Springs Milling Company, from the commission, and were deposited in the spring stream. They now average fourteen inches in length.

This species of trout is indigenous to the Pacific slope, but several years ago it was transplanted in the waters of the central and eastern states, in many of which it has found congenial environment and bids fair to become the most desirable variety of the salmonidæ for pond and stream culture. It is hardy, gamey and handsome, while it possesses all the qualities of an excellent food fish. At the trout breeding stations of the fish commission at Wytheville, Pa., and Neosho, Mo., the propagation of the rainbow trout receives considerable attention, and its popularity is strikingly demonstrated by the increasing and urgent requests for this species that are constantly being received at the office of the commission.

Complexions of Long Ago.

Our grandmothers, according to the traditions, took the same morbid interest in their complexions that is manifested at the present day. Everyone has heard of the famous Ninon d'Enclose and her bath of distilled dew. And there was a famous baroness in the time of Louis Philippe who lived entirely on oranges. Twelve oranges for breakfast, twelve at luncheon and twelve again at dinner, with one glass of Burgundy, and a little crust of bread. There was also the marquis de Cregny, who flourished in the last century and died far on in the nineties, and lived for the last twenty years of her earthly pilgrimage on vegetables cooked in chicken broth. Wine she renounced for hot water, sweetened, which tastes the most like nothing of anything yet concocted.

A Peculiar Fish.

A remarkable fish was recently captured off the Ardglais coast, County Down, Ireland. According to Land and Water "it was three-quarters of a pound in weight and had a head similar to that of a pike. From the gills to the tail on each side there was a bright blue band; the tops of the tail fins were also a bright blue, and around the head and shoulders there was a network of deep blue lines, which gave the fish a very comical, unnatural aspect." It is unknown to the fishermen of that section.

LET WELL ALONE.

TO THE EDITOR:—A notice of motion to amend the Sunday Closing Act has been made in Parliament. My authority is this morning's issue of the COLONIST. Now, Sir, it behoves everyone who has the interest of the city at heaat to see to it that no material amendment be made to a law which has, so far, proved itself to be one of the best works done by Parliament last session. Sunday has been a day of rest in reality since January 1st, and, should the proposed amendment become law, the opening of saloons and bars for even part of Sunday would, undoubtedly, spoil the aim of the whole act. In is a regrettable fact that this action has been taken by the prompting of one of the highest inauthority, but it is hoped that public opinion will be expressed so strongly on the subject that it will be dropped without the fight, which would inevitably follow.

The W.C.T.U., Good Templars, Royal Templars and the Sons of Temperance, of which I am a representative, will oppose the measure to a man, and all the churches, and many others of Victoria's citizens will join the opposing forces. This is not all; we have the moral status of Victoria to consider, and we will see to it that nothing is done, even by those who should know better, to mar the city's name.

DEPUTY GRAND W. PATRIARCH.

PERSONAL.

W. N. Mears is at the Driard.

Thomas Earle, M. P., leaves for Ottawa, to-night.

F. B. Gregory returned from the Mainland, last night.

T. S. Higginson, Dominion timber agent, of New Westminster, is at the Driard.

Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem left, last evening, on a judicial visit to the Mainland.

D. McGillivray, H. Keefer, C. G. Major and D. J. Munn, came over to Victoria, last night.

B. H. King, of Portland; R. Robinson, of Augusta, Maine, and G. Hadwen, of Chemaimus, are guests at the Dallas Hotel.

A. M. Beattie and wife, of Vancouver, arrived down on the Islander, last night, and R. Collister, Richard Hall, and G. W. Mesher, were passengers on the same boat.

W. T. Brown, representing Finlay, Brodie & McCullogh, Galt, Ont., left for the East, yesterday, having completed the placing of the electric light plant, supplied by his firm, at the power-house. Mr. Brown is most favorably impressed with British Columbia.

Daughters of England.

An effort is being made to establish a lodge of the Daughters of England in this city during the course of the next few months. The first lodge of Daughters established in Canada was instituted in Hamilton, Ont., on November 7, 1890.

A Pleasant Farewell.

Alexander Lodge, Sons of England, enjoyed an appetizing banquet at Bowman's restaurant, Yates street, last evening, in honor of Bro. R. T. Robinson, the chaplain of the lodge, who leaves to-day for California in search of health.

First shipment of baby carriages for the season at Weiler Bros. *

HAGYARD'S
"YELLOW OIL"
Cures Rheumatism.
Freeman's Worm Powders
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
JACKETS. - MANTLES.
NEW CAPES.
Prints, Flannelettes, Etc., Etc., Etc.
DAVID SPENCER, Government Street.

RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO.,
134 Douglas Street.
LAST WEEK OF THE GREAT
ANNUAL BOOT & SHOE SALE
OPEN EVERY NIGHT UNTIL EIGHT O'CLOCK.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & Co.
TRADE MARK FOR 16 AND 18 DE BRESOLES ST. MONTREAL.
TRADE MARK FOR W. ROGERS KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS
MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST QUALITY
HOLLOW WARE ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
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WM. ROGERS' Knives, Forks and Spoons, etc. A. J. WHIMBEY MANGR. FOR CAN.

SPRING, 1892.
OPENED THIS DAY AT THE
WESTSIDE.
CHALLIES, PRINTED SATEENS, PRINTS,
ALBERT TWILLS, CHEVIOT SUITINGS,
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PRINCESS CLOTHES, ZEPHYRS,
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Newest Styles, Most Beautiful Designs, and Every Pattern Reserved Exclusively for Us. See Windows.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Victoria, February 25th, 1892, fe25

FOUND AT LAST! WHAT?
That the best and cheapest place to buy my
GROCERIES, HAMS, TEAS, PROVISIONS, BACON,
COFFEES, FEED, LARD, SPICES,
CANNED GOODS, ETC., ETC., ETC.
I have tried them all, but find that
ROWBOTHAM, "THE GROCER,"
Is the most reliable. His goods are always choice in quality, correct in quantity, low in price.

THE LATEST
ENGLISH NOVELTY
—AT—
DAVIDSON BROS.,
59 GOVERNMENT ST.
ja25

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Second Session of the Sixth Parliament.

EIGHTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

PETITIONS.

HON. MR. TURNER presented a petition from the City of Victoria.

MR. MARTIN presented a petition from the Nicola Valley Railway company.

The following petitions were read and received: From D. McGillivray and others for incorporation as the Coquitlam Electric company; from ratepayers of the Corporation of Surrey for a bill to validate certain debentures; from the managers of the Bank of Montreal *re* ditto; from F. W. Foster and others *re* amendments to the game act.

The petition from A. S. Black and others *re* establishing Vancouver City as a judicial district, was ruled out of order inasmuch as it deals with a contemplated expenditure of public moneys.

MR. KITCHEN presented four petitions from ratepayers of Surrey *re* validation of debentures.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

MR. MARTIN from the committee on Standing Orders and private bills presented a report *re* the Vancouver Short Line railway bill. They also reported, without amendments, the bill to incorporate Bishop Lemmens a corporation sole, and to incorporate the Sisters of St. Ann.

COL. BAKER reported from the Standing Committee on railways, the bill to incorporate the Kaslo-Slocan Railway Company, with amendments.

PARLIAMENTARY PRIVILEGE.

HON. MR. ROBSON presented the following report:

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, March 2, 1892.

MR. SPEAKER.—Your committee appointed for the purpose of enquiring into the complaint of the member for West Kootenay, that he had been insulted in the lobby of the House by Frank S. Barnard, Esq., M.P., beg to report the evidence in the case, together with a written apology from Mr. Barnard.

[Sd.] JOHN ROBSON, Chairman

The report was received, and, the standing orders and rules being suspended, adopted.

The following letter was read:

VICTORIA, March 1, 1892.

To the hon. the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly:

SIR.—Having learned that Mr. Kellie, the member for West Kootenay, has brought to the notice of the House a matter which I presumed was entirely a private one; and having learned that I have committed a breach of privilege of the House, I desire to express my regret and tender an apology to the House for the same. Having made arrangements to leave for Ottawa, to-night, I am unable to attend the House personally. I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

[Sd.] F. S. BARNARD.

COAL MINES REGULATION BILL.

MR. KEITH moved the second reading of the Coal Mines Regulation Bill. He recalled the period four years ago when each white-man working under ground had a Chinaman working with him under his orders. Some five years ago there was a disastrous explosion at Nanaimo, and the following year there was also one at Wellington. Although convinced that Chinese working under ground were responsible for these explosions, it had been found impossible to prove it to the satisfaction of a judge and jury. A petition was sent in then to the Legislature signed by 404 miners and a number of residents of Nanaimo—over 2 000—asking that the Chinese be prohibited from working under ground. Last year he (Mr. Keith) had been told that if he could bring proof of the danger of Chinese working under ground members of the House would be convinced and would support the bill. He was afraid a number of them were unwilling to be convinced. He read from evidence given before the Commission on Mining by the Nanaimo delegates to show where the danger lay in allowing the Chinese to work under ground. The chief danger was that the Chinese have little or no knowledge of coal mining, gas explosions, etc. He referred to the legislation of two years ago, and said that the miners were then only asking for what they believed was necessary for their safety. The law of two years ago had since been found inoperative. The Premier had agreed, a year ago, to correct the difficulty, but had not done so. He hoped the Government would now see its way clear to support the bill now before the House. Those miners who had signed the petition for the bill now before the House believed that their lives depended upon the exclusion of Chinese. Yet, at the same time, he would not say that the exclusion of Chinese would do away with all the accidents; but it should be the duty of the Government to guard against the known dangers. There was, at present, a depression in the coal trade, and, at any time, Chinese might be put at work in the Wellington collieries, and this would force the Nanaimo mines to fall into line There was plenty of white labor to be had in the province, providing the Chinese labor was prohibited. Since the Chinese were put out out of the mines in Nanaimo, that city had advanced wonderfully in every way, and it would be better for the whole of British Columbia if the Chinese were altogeter excluded from the country. He hoped the House would support this bill to do away with Chinese and Japanese labor under ground.

HON. MR. POOLEY said the bill now before the House was somewhat similar to the the one before the House last year. Last year he (Mr. Pooley) had stated his views fully, and did not propose to go into the matter as fully again. The hon. gentleman who had introduced the bill had failed except in one subject in substantiating his remarks. The Japanese who had been introduced at Comox were experienced coal miners. They were coal miners in their own country and since they had been in Comox, he was not informed that there had been any accidents. He (Mr. Pooley) proposed to show in his remarks that the object of the present bill was not to protect the whitemen by keeping the Chinese out of the mines, but it was simply to allow the Miners' Union at Nanaimo to control all the coal mines of British Columbia. It was a fight of the Union with the non-union men—nothing more nor less. He referred to the efforts made last season, by the Union, to prevent the sale of Wellington Colliery Coal in San Francisco and asked if that was a war against Chinamen? No, it was a war against men of their own flesh and blood, against whitemen who did not happen to belong to the Union. This was conclusive proof that the bill was opposed to the non-union men not to the Chinese alone.

MR. KEITH—No, no!

HON. MR. POOLEY, continuing, recalled some evidence given during investigations in regard to the explosions at Nanaimo and Wellington, to show that the carelessness of white miners was more largely to blame for the accidents than anything else, and, apparently, the more experienced the white miners became the more risks they assumed. The passage of the bill would cripple the coal mining industry in the province and do a vast amount of injury. He therefore moved in amendment that this bill be read this day six months.

HON. MR. BEAVEN thought the argument of the hon. the President of the Council was fallacious, it being impossible to prove any rule by the exception. Any one who knew anything about Chinese must admit that they were reckless and dangerous to themselves. The common instincts of humanity should allow the members of the Legislature to pass the bill asked for. Not all the money saved in a year by the employment of Chinese underground would pay for the loss of one white man's life. Another reason, if humanitarian reasons were of no avail, why the Chinese should be excluded from the mines, was because of the boycott, in California, of British Columbia coal mined by the Chinese. Even the Southern Pacific Railway Company, which was the practical owner of nearly all the British Columbia coal mines, were beginning to be afraid to buy the British Columbia coal for fear of a strike on their line. The presence of Chinese in the province was an incubus, and it would be a good day for the country when some legislation were enacted which would have the effect of causing the Chinese to leave the province. He had been an advocate of this policy for a long time, and hoped to, even yet, see his views adopted.

HON. MR. ROBSON said that he could easily show to the House why he had taken the stand he did in 1889. In that year he had taken as correct the statements made by coal miners, that the presence of Chinese was a source of especial danger. Since then he had found out that those statements were incorrect. There was no truth in the proposition of the hon. member for Nanaimo; but, on the contrary, there had been a greater number of accidents in mines controlled and operated by union miners. These hard facts, adduced from and proven by statistics, could not be gainsayed. The only ground on which this House could deal with the bill proposed, was that the Chinese were an especial source of danger, and it was clearly proven that this was not the case. The Government had no more right to say to mine owners that they should not employ Chinese under ground, than they had to say to the salmon canners, the ranchers, the farmers, or anyone else that they should not employ any Chinese It was a simple proposition, and if it were right in one case why not put a law on the statute book that everyone employing a Chinaman in any capacity, would be guilty of a high crime. He (Mr. Robson) was not prepared to go as far as to say that the Province would be the better for the exclusion of the Chinese. He was no lover of Chinese, or Chinese labor; but the matter must be looked at in the light of its bearing on the public interest of the province, and, being bound to consider the public interest, he (Mr. Robson) would support the amendment and oppose the bill.

MR. BROWN said he thought the subject was an important one, and was being too lightly treated. He supported the bill.

MR FORSTER followed in a speech of some length, in which he reviewed all the matters touched upon.

MR. HUNTER believed in the abstract theory that Chinese labor was undesirable, and hoped the day would come when the sight of a Chinaman on the streets would be as rare as it was now common. But the abstract theory did not pan out in practice all the time. He opposed the bill now before the House because it was class legislation of the most despicable kind. The bill was not in the interests of the miners, but in the interests of the miners' and mine laborers' association, which would like to get control of all the mines. Referring to the boycott in San Francisco, he said that the speech of the hon. leader of the Opposition showed a lamentable ignorance of the subject. As a matter of fact the boycott in San Francisco was not because the coal was mined by Chinese, but it was because it was mined by men who had not surrendered their manhood and who refused to join the Union. As to the petition that had been presented to the House, he said that so far as it concerned Wellington, it had only 201 signatures out of the 780 odd men that were employed in the mines. He would vote against the bill because, should it pass, it would simply be legislating in favor of the Miners' Union, which seemed determined to dictate to all the miners in the province when and where they should work, what hours and at what wages, and what amount of money they should spend in purchasing bread, and what amount they would contribute towards the support of the same tyrannical Union.

MR. SEMLIN said he was opposed in every way to the employment of Chinese in the province, because all the money saved was sent out of the country. It impoverished the country.

MR. BOOTH said he did not see why any one class of people should be legislated for specially. He was prepared to exclude Chinamen altogether if that were possible; but could not understand why the miners should be especially protected.

DR. MILNE moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 5:40 p. m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

HON. MR. TURNER: That an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieut. Governor praying His Honor to represent to the Dominion Government the great importance of at once addressing the Imperial Government, emphatically urging on that Government that compensation should be made to the sealers for the losses already sustained by them, and that the *modus vivendi* be not extended unless provision be also made to recoup the sealers for any losses they may sustain owing to such extension.

MR. SWORD: To ask the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works what was the amount of the appropriation for 1891 for Cowichan District expended within the limits of Cowichan Municipality.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

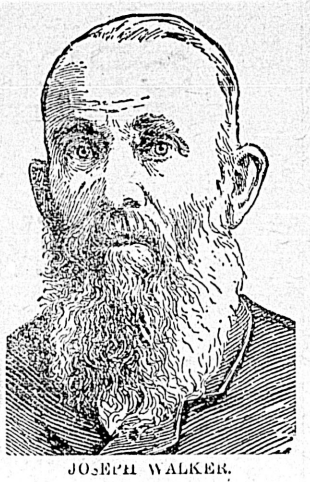
Keen's Map of Kootenay and the Bonanza Mining District

Of Kootenay (West), as used by Honorable Members of the House of Parliament, now in session, containing all information on this remarkable fortune making country. No one can afford to be without one. Price, 50 cents; free by mail on receipt of price to the publishers, T. N. HIBBEN & Co., Victoria, B. C.

Cafe Royal.

For Oysters and Lunch after theatre. *

The purest Jams are O'Kell & Morris'. *



JOSEPH WALKER.

LOST IN THE DESERT.

A TALE OF SUFFERING AND WOE.

After Thirty Years of Trials He is Safely Rescued From Peril!

There are very few Canadians living who can relate such a terrible history of hardships, sufferings and woes, as the gentleman whose portrait we are permitted to use in the columns of this paper. We have often in life listened attentively to tales of sufferings in the forests, on the seas and on the field of battle; and have been thrilled with feelings of pity and admiration when we heard of privations, daring deeds and brave actions; but never before have our sympathies and finer feelings been so keenly touched by the recital of misfortunes, sufferings and woes, than in the case of Mr. Joseph Walker, of Bloomington, a small village two and a half miles from the town of Stouffville, Ontario.

Mr. Walker started out in life with all the advantages common to true and sturdy Canadians. His ancestors were people of that grand and noble stock that best contribute to the building up of a great and glorious country; and, following in their steps, Mr. Walker was emulating their life and example. He was blessed with a vigorous life and constitution, and maintained these advantages until the cares and duties of life increased, and the pressure of daily business demanded more thought, attention and hard work. Others around him were vigorously pressing on to the goal of success and wealth with apparent ease, and why should not Mr. Walker keep abreast with his friends on the race-track of life.

Ah! fascinating and luring ambition, thou art often a cruel and false leader. Thy ways leading upward to honor, fame and wealth are often treacherous and fatal. There are quagmires in the way that often engulf the unsuspecting traveller; there are tracts of desert lands with their dry and parched sands which furnish no cooling waters for the weary and struggling victim.

Like thousands of other sturdy and pushing Canadians who worry and trouble about business, Mr. Walker wandered into one of these dry sandy wastes of life, known as the desert of dyspepsia. Like others he had neglected nature's golden and unerring laws regulating health, vitality and digestion. He met in his wanderings through the barren and inhospitable desert of dyspepsia scores of other victims vainly seeking an avenue of escape. They often travelled together, and took counsel with each other, and discussed various plans of deliverance, only to result in failure when tried. Now and then, they would see in the distance what seemed to be an oasis—a spot of verdure, which would be hurriedly approached in the hope that some cooling stream or healing fountain would exist from which they might obtain relief from their sufferings. Waters,—medicines were often found and quickly tried; but in every case the result was disappointing and discouraging.

Year after year passed, and life was becoming a weary burden—a load too heavy to bear, and Mr. Walker was, doubtless, often ready to give up. Thirty years a pilgrim—a wandering sufferer in the desert land of dyspepsia! Think of it, reader, imagine if you can, the hours, the days, the months, and years of agony to mind and body! It is dreadful to contemplate; the facts seem incredible! At last, with a deep yearning hope Mr. Walker raises his eyes, he discovers a rock-towering heavenward emblematic of strength, power and safety. He hurries to its shelter, and, lo! from it there come a stream which in years past has made happy and joyous many a soul near unto death. We cannot at this point bring out the details of Mr. Walker's rescue from suffering and death in any clearer way than he himself has done in the following letter, which is vouched for by one of the most respectable drug firms in Canada:—

I think it my duty to my fellow-men to send you the following testimonial, so that you may let suffering humanity know what your Celery Compound has done for me. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia for thirty years; have been treated by different doctors, and tried nearly all the dyspepsia remedies on the market, without getting much relief, until, seeing your Compound recommended as a sure cure for dyspepsia, I thought, as a last resort, I would try it; and am happy to say, after taking six bottles, I was completely cured. I have since recommended it to a number of others, and will continue to do so, as I believe it a sure cure, no matter how bad the case may be. Any one wishing to know more about this can do so by writing to myself, or Rowan & Co., Druggists, here.

JOSEPH WALKER.

The above gentleman (Mr. Walker) is widely known and respected here, and his veracity cannot be doubted for a moment.

ROWAN & CO, Druggists,
Stouffville, Ont.

This is only a sample of the marvellous rescues that are made daily in every part of our country. No other human remedy has such mighty successes to record. Paine's Celery Compound is the only agency that can with safety and success take up the men and women who have been laid aside as incurable by physicians, and raise them again to that perfect health and soundness of body which guarantees a new lease of life. Other remedies fail in what they promise to accomplish; but nature's true vitalizer, Paine's Celery Compound, even in the face of despair and death, will, if used, show its wondrous powers and mastery over disease.

Is the evidence adduced from day to day sufficient for the suffering and diseased, or do they choose to linger on in the vain hope that time and inaction will work for them some miracle?

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Doughty's cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co's. Fort street, or Cochrane & Munn's, Yates and Douglas sts., will be promptly attended to. Wood and Coal for Sale. *ap 24 y

A few elegant French China Dinner Services at Weiler Bros. *

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 3d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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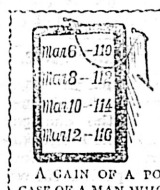

GAIN ONE POUND A Day.

A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "ALL RUN DOWN," AND HAS BEGUN TO TAKE THAT REMARKABLE FLESH PRODUCER,

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FEAT HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS PUT UP ONLY IN SALMON COLOR WRAPPERS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 50c. AND $1.00

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, Rooms 3 and 8, Turner Block, corner Douglas and View Streets. ap18

COLE WOODALL, Architect and Superintendent Belmont Block, Yates Street, Victoria, B ap18-1m

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

McLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

E. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; Hunt & Co., Tea Merchants, Yokohama and Kobe; The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., L'td. Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 Yates st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

HOTELS.

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

LOANS.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, cor. Govt. and Pandora Sts. Money advanced on all kinds of Approved security. Unredeemed pledges for sale cheap. my5 1y

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEO R. JACKSON, (SUCCESSOR TO J. C. Leask). The leading Tailor, Turner Block, 68 Douglas street. Fine dress suits a specialty. f-1

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS.

KINGHAM & MINOR, THE LEADING Manufacturing Jewellers and Diamond Setters, 49 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C. f-1

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 99 DOUGLAS Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 97 Douglas St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 82 Douglas Street, Thomson & Cadwell, cor. View and Quadra, or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 29 f-1

MISCELLANEOUS.

RECENTLY IMPORTED

Red and White Lead.
Boiled Linseed Oil,
Raw Linseed Oil,
Fire Brick, Cement, Pig Iron,
Blacksmith's Coal.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

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LOTS, JAMES BAY,

MORROW, HOLLAND & CO., AGENTS.

—66—

6 Sold.	5	4	3	1 Sold. / 2 Sold.	BOYD ST.

LOXTON AVENUE.

12	11	10	9 Sold.	7 Sold. / 8 Sold.	

—66—

$700 AND UPWARDS. EASY TERMS.

GEO. POWELL & CO.,

CHEAPSIDE,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

CROCKERY AND CHINA, LAMPS AND GLASSWARE,

GURNEY'S STOVES AND RANGES,

Hardware, Tools, Cutlery, Electro Plated Goods, Granite Ware

AND GENERAL HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000, $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....(With power to increase.) £220,000, $1,100,000.

BRANCHES:

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
VANCOUVER, "
NEW WESTMINSTER, "
NANAIMO, "
KAMLOOPS, "
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON.
TACOMA, "

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

CANADA—Bank of Montreal and Branches; Canadian Bank of Commerce and Branches; Imperial Bank of Canada and Branches; Commercial Bank of Manitoba; and Bank of Nova Scotia.
UNITED STATES—Agents, Bank of Montreal, New York; Bank of Montreal, Chicago.

VICTORIA BRANCH, - Government Street, Corner Fort.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Telegraphic transfers and remittances to and from all points can be made through this Bank at current rates Collections carefully attended to. Bullion purchased, and every description of Banking Business transacted.

A BRANCH OF THIS BANK WILL BE OPENED IN THE KOOTENAY LAKE DISTRICT (NELSON, B. C.) AS SOON AS THE SEASON OPENS IN THE SPRING OF 1892.

VICTORIA, B. C., 10th Dec., 1891. de10 WM. C. WARD, Manager.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

VICTORIA, B.C.

Mrs. Theophila Turner Green (widow of the late A. A. Green), having purchased the share and interest of the Garesche estate in the business of the late firm of Garesche, Green & Co., and being now sole owner of the said business, has admitted Frederick Hammett Worlock (manager of the late firm) as a partner.

The business of the old firm will be continued as heretofore at Government Street, Victoria, under the name of Green, Worlock & Co., Frederick H. Worlock continuing as manager. JANUARY 21, 1892.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO'Y.

ja22

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

CAPITAL, (all paid up).....$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,371

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

SIR DONALD A. SMITH, President.
HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-Pres.
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Branches and Correspondents in all the Leading Cities of the World.

Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.

Every description of banking business transacted. Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $4 and upwards received and interest allowed at the highest current rates.

NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.—A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.

ap8 A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

NOTICES.

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co.

(LIMITED)

Notice is hereby given, that the following stock certificates and shares of and in the capital stock of the above named company, have been sold by public auction, to satisfy Assessment No. 24, and costs, and that the said certificates, have accordingly been, and now stand cancelled, viz: Thomas Chadwick, No. 889, 50 shares, No. 890, 50 shares, No. 891, 50 shares, No 892, 50 shares, No. 893, 50 shares; John Grant, No. 120, 200 shares, No. 286, 200 shares, No. 297, 200 shares No 1035, 50 shares, No. 1036, 50 shares, No. 1037, 100 shares, No. 1038, 100 shares, No. 1039, 100 shares, No 1,040, 100 shares; Laura Heywood, No 58, 50 shares; Harry H. Heywood, No. 900, 100 shares, No. 901, 100 shares, No. 906, 50 shares, No. 1,113, 500 shares; Robert Lipsett, No. 282, 50 shares, No. 283, 50 shares, No. 1,028, 250 shares, No. 1,029, 600 shares; Uriah Nelson, No. 611, 100 shares, No 647, 50 shares, No. 652, 50 shares, No. 653, 50 shares, No. 654, 50 shares, No. 657, 1 000 shares; Jacob H. Todd, No. 932, 1,000 shares.

All persons are cautioned not in any wise to negotiate or deal with the said certificates or shares, or any part thereof.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

Victoria, 25th February, 1892. 1w-f26.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that 30 days after date I shall make application to the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, for permission to erect a Wharf in West Bay, Victoria District, in the Province of British Columbia, to be used for private purposes as a Boat house wharf and landing. Plans of said wharf are deposited with the Department of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Land Register Office at Victoria, B. C.

HENRY CROFT.

February 18, 1892. fe19 1m

ASSIGNMENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ludgei Oliver Demers and Numa Demers, carrying on business as Demers & Son, in the City of Victoria, B.C., have, by indenture, dated the 29th day of January, 1892, made an assignment of all their effects, both real and personal, to Charles Fox Todd and John Coigdarripe, both of the City of Victoria, in trust, for the benefit of their creditors, and such creditors are hereby notified to hand in a statement of their respective claims (properly proven as correct before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace), to either of the assignees, within one month from this date, after which date the assignees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the assignees shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person, of whose claim they shall not have had notice.

C. F. TODD,
J. COIGDARRIPE.

Victoria, B. C. Feb 9th, 1892. fb20 6t

[No. 154.]

A BY-LAW.

Declaring that a distinction for the purposes of Assessment shall be made between Land and Improvements within the Municipality of the Corporation of the City of Victoria and fixing the Time for making and returning the Assessment Roll.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 121 of the Municipal Act, 1891, it is enacted amongst other things that it shall be lawful for the Council of any Municipality to pass a by-law declaring that a distinction for the purposes of assessment within the Municipality shall be made between "land" and "improvements," and also declaring in the said by-law that, for the purpose of assessment "land" situate within the Municipality shall be estimated at its actual cash value as it would be appraised in the payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor, and "improvements" situate as aforesaid for the purpose aforesaid, shall not be estimated in excess of 50 per cent. of their actual cash value as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

And whereas it is desirable that in pursuance of such powers as aforesaid a distinction should be made between "land" and "improvements" within the municipal limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the purpose aforesaid, and that "land" situate as aforesaid should be estimated at its actual cash value as aforesaid, and "improvements" situate as aforesaid for the purpose aforesaid, should be estimated at fifty per cent. of their actual cash value as aforesaid;

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

(1.) From and after the final passage of this by-law a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between "land" and "improvements" situate within the municipal limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

(2.) "Land" situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

(3.) "Improvements" situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at fifty per cent. of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

(4.) The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment roll on or before the first day of March, and complete the same not later than the 9th day of July in each year, and the assessment shall be made on the said 9th day of July in each year.

(5.) The assessment roll shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the twentieth day of July, in the year 1892.

(6.) In the construction of this By-law the words "land" and "improvements" shall have respectively the meanings given to them by the Municipal Act, 1891, or any amendment thereof.

7. Any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this By-law is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant so as that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this By-law, but not otherwise.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Land and Improvements Assessment By-Law, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 16th day of February, A.D., 1892.

Reconsidered and finally passed the 24th day of February, A.D., 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C. fe24

Drs. Merrill & Merrill

SPECIALISTS

Treat SCIENTIFICALLY and SUCCESSFULLY, cure QUICKLY and PERMANENTLY, PRIVATE BLOOD, AND SKIN DISEASES, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of Power through Indiscretion and all Disorders of the Generative Organs, HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE and STRICTURES radically and safely cured without pain or detention from business, and cures guaranteed. All deformities and impediments to marriage quickly removed. No matter what your complaint, consult these successful specialists, who are able to effect cures in many cases that have been pronounced hopeless.

Consult personally the OLDEST and most EXPERIENCED SPECIALISTS on the coast, or write, sending stamp. Consultation free and confidential. Tremont Block, 614 Front Street, Seattle, Wash. ja9 3m-d&w

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT, March 2.

Steamer Mystery returned from Port San Juan, this morning, where she had taken boats and men down to the schooner Walter Earle. She brought back with her the broken boat, the lost sailors' effects, 101 seal skins, which is the schooner's total catch, and H. Christenson, the mate, who has been ailing with rheumatism ever since he left Victoria. The mate, who is now in the Marine Hospital, says they spoke the Umbrina on February 18th, with 75 skins; W. P. Sayward, on February 12th, with 110 skins; Vancouver Belle, on February 16th, with 90 skins; Sea Lion, on February 8th, with 101 skins; Labrador, on the 18th, with 30 odd; Sadie Turpie, on about February 10th, with 20 odd; Carmolite, on about February 14th, with 37 skins, and Carlotta G. Cox, on about February 12th, with about 30 skins. The schooners were all sealing about 40 or 50 miles south-west of Cape Flattery at the time the Walter Earle left them.

Steamer Costa Rica came out of the dry dock this afternoon and proceeded to Nanaimo, where she will load coal for San Francisco.

The weather has been fine during the past few weeks, and although the seals are plentiful they are very wary and hard to kill.

The Mystery leaves to-night or early to-morrow morning with lumber and a gang of carpenters for Albert head, where some alterations will be made in the quarantine station, located at that point.

Steamer Michigan is due Friday evening from Portland.

Steamer Falcon left for Millbay to-day, for a boom of logs for the outer wharf.

Steamer Lorne returned from Vancouver to-day.

C. P. N. Co.'s steamer Danube will not sail for the north till to-morrow evening.

Steamer Badger arrived in from Comox this morning, with a cargo of 115 tons of coal for the Albion Iron Works.

ENTERED.

Str. Islander	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" North Pacific	"	"
" Lorne	"	Vancouver.
" Princess Louise	"	N. Westminster.
Sloop Victoria	"	Straits.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" North Pacific	"	"
" Danube	"	Fort Simpson.
" Falcon	"	Mill Bay.
" Princess Louise	"	N. Westminster.
Sloop Victoria	"	Straits.

FITZSIMMONS'S OPPONENT.

Sketch of Peter Maher, the Irish Champion Pugilist.

Although he has been talked about as much as any of the foremost pugilists of this age within the past few months, comparatively little is known of Peter Maher by the sporting public. The Irish champion is an unknown quantity. While he has never beaten a boxer who had a ghost of a show for the world's championship, yet there are many men who would back him even against John L. Sullivan. The best evidence of this is that a $5,000 forfeit is waiting in The World office to be covered by the backers of the mighty Bostonian. Should Maher be successful in his coming fight with Bob Fitzsimmons it is quite probable that he may be matched against Sullivan, who has expressed his willingness to try out the Dublin man. This battle, should it be arranged, will be a notable one and the winner of it will be made richer by $35,000—quite a fortune in itself.

Would Sayers, Heenan, "Yankee" Sullivan, McCool, Coburn and the other old-time champions come out of their graves and hear this, they would certainly agree that they had lived before their time, for when they fought it was rarely for more than $1,000.

Whether Peter Maher would be a worthy opponent for Sullivan is a question which will be answered in the Crescent City early next month. If Fitz whips him it will practically wind up a career which will have been on the skyrocket order, in such an event.

Two years ago Peter Maher was employed in the world-famous brewery of Guinness in Dublin. He was reckoned a handy man in case of an argument at that time, but that he would ever aspire to the championship of the world was not dreamed of by his companions. Peter's first real fight was with a bully named O'Brien, which took place in the brewery yard. There were no stakes, but the contest was conducted under prize ring rules and it lasted nearly three hours. Maher put his man to sleep and this victory made him a popular man, for O'Brien was disliked by everybody.

In 1888 Maher entered an amateur competition given by Tony Sage, of Dublin. Jack Sullivan, who was recognized as the leading amateur middle-weight of the country, was Maher's first opponent. It took Peter eight minutes to finish him. An hour later Martin O'Hara, a six-footer, went against Maher. One round was enough for him. He made a claim to the referee that Peter had a hammer in his right glove.

By this time Maher had gained quite a local reputation and efforts were made to bring about a meeting between him and a professional named Jim O'Doherty. They fought six rounds in Dublin and the police stopped the bout, but not before O'Doherty was practically a beaten man. Peter then entered a tournament in London and beat three men in the preliminaries. In the finals Bob Hair met him. They sparred three rounds and Hair was given the decision. Maher had a decided advantage, and in the judgment of many spectators it was a clear case of robbery.

Tony Sage immediately posted a forfeit at the Sporting Life office and offered to bet $500 against $100 that Maher could knock Hair out in three rounds. This offer was not accepted. Alf Bowman, of London, challenged Maher early in 1889 and they fought in Dublin for $250 a side. Bowman was knocked out in the sixth round. This victory gave Maher some standing as a pugilist, for Bowman was considered a good second-class man.

When Gus Lambert went to England, Charley Mitchell took hold of him and backed him for $500 against the Dublin boxer. Lambert weighed nearly two hundred pounds and was the favorite in the betting when the men faced each other at the Pelican Club, Feb. 7, last year. Maher took about five seconds to size up his man. Then he sailed in viciously and knocked Lambert down four times in rapid succession. The last blow effectively settled the Canadian. The fight lasted 58 seconds.

Maher now sought a match with Pritchard, but the latter declined to fight again with any man above his own weight. In October last Sage sent Peter to this country to try for the world's championship. After he defeated a number of inferior men his manager, Billy Madden, succeeded in raising a $5,000 forfeit to match him against Sullivan for double that amount. Jimmy Adams, the bookmaker, Warren Lewis, Gus Tuthill, Dave Holland and Madden all figure in the forfeit. They are all responsible sportsmen and each believes that Peter is a second Sullivan.

He has thus far shown himself to be a hard hitter, a fairly good ring tactician and possessed of more than average cleverness. "Bubbles" Davis, Jim Daly, Jack Lynch, Joe Godfrey, "Sailor" Brown, Jack Smith and Jack Fallon were all beaten by Maher in short order. His performance in Madison Square Garden—knocking out two men in less than three minutes—was a feat which would have been considered wonderful even if John L. himself had accomplished it. It took Peter Jackson three rounds to whip "Sailor" Brown, one of the men.

The man Maher is going to fight next month is big enough to be in the heavy-weight class and clever enough, too, for that matter. He can fight at 165 pounds or at 150 pounds as occasion requires, and he appears to be pretty strong at either weight. Fitz is a hard puncher and a quicker man than the Irish champion. It is more than likely that Maher will be second choice in the betting, but the New York delegation will carry a good many dollars to the ringside to be wagered on the Dublin man.

Peter Maher is twenty-three years old. He will weigh not more than 170 pounds when he meets the Australian and it is a certainty that his physical condition at that time will be excellent, for Madden is a good trainer. In the matter of weight and reach Fitz will have an advantage. Maher stands 5 feet 11½ inches in his stockings and is built much after the style of Slavin, but with a narrower chest than that pugilist. He is a good natured and decidedly witty fellow, but he says very little. About fighting and fighters he rarely utters a word.

Peter is a handsome man. His features are clean cut and he has a very clear complexion. Since his arrival here he has had four proposals of marriage by mail.

"This must be a strange country," he said as he opened the fourth letter asking for his hand. "In Ireland the men have to ask the women to marry them or they'll never get married."

Madden assured him that it was quite customary for women to do the proposing during leap year. Peter is growing accustomed to our ways, but for a long time a good many things puzzled him. One day shortly after his bout with Jack Fallon, Maher jumped on the front platform of a street car and sat on the dashboard smoking a cigar. The driver shouted "git up" rather gruffly and Maher obeyed after suggesting that the man might have been a trifle more civil.

"When I learned that it wasn't me at all, but the horses he was talking to," said Maher, "I felt pretty cheap, I can tell you."

The Irish champion is training at East Hampton, a small town on Long Island, about ninety-seven miles from this city. Billy Madden and Jack Fallon are with him.

Fainted in the Montreal Post Office.

His Friends Alarmed.

A few days ago one of Montreal's estimable business men dropped apparently dead in the post-office. Friends quickly gathered around the well-known merchant, and he was soon restored to consciousness, and conveyed without delay to his home. The family physician was summoned; he pronounced the merchant's condition to be serious, and ordered a period of quiet and rest. A run-down constitution, nervousness and weakness rendered the well-known business man unfit for his regular duties and work.

This is no uncommon occurrence in the great business towns and cities of Canada. In nine cases out of ten, the trouble arises from overwork, close application and business anxieties. The common laws of nature are disregarded; necessary exercise and rest is not taken; the brain becomes heavy and clouded; digestion is imperfect, and the whole nervous system suffers terribly. We usually find such men in the ranks of the sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic and despondent; and, at times, such characters have thoughts of self-destruction.

Would to heaven that such sufferers fully realized the worth and value of that grand restorer, builder and vitalizer, Paine's Celery Compound—a remedy prepared specially for the great work of nerve strengthening and flesh building.

The merchant and business man cannot, even with wealth at his command, open up a surer avenue of escape from his sufferings and troubles, than by a regular and daily treatment with Paine's Celery Compound. The best people of our time—professional men, bankers, merchants and others—have had occasion to test the wonderful powers of this preparation; they have found a new life, and have not thought it derogatory to their social standing to testify strongly in its favor. Physicians, without hesitation, acknowledge its superiority over all other known remedies for bringing back to health and vigor the weak, nervous, overworked and broken-down.

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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
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When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
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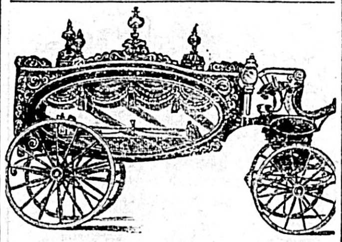

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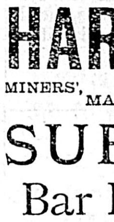

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PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislative Assembly application will be made by the Victoria and Esquimalt Telephone Company, Limited, for an Act to amend their act of incorporation, by which the said Company may be authorized to erect and maintain telephone lines and poles in and throughout Victoria city and the districts of Victoria and Esquimalt, and that the powers and privileges granted by the said act and proposed amending act may be extended and remain in force for a period of 50 years, and that the Company may be authorized to increase its capital stock, and for other purposes.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Victoria and Esquimalt Telephone Co., Ld.

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NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of Lowe & Allice, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Allice, who will collect all debts due the firm, and pay all liabilities.

CHARLES P. LOWE.
THOMAS H. ALLICE.

Dated the 17th February, 1892. fe19

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[No. 155.]

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow the sum of $200,000 in anticipation of the receipt of its Revenue for the year 1892.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of sub-section 133 of section 96 of the Municipal Act, every municipality may, under the conditions contained in said sub-section, borrow from any person such sum of money and bearing such rate of interest as may be required to meet the current legal expenditure of every such corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue of the year becomes payable by the taxpayers;

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1892, payable out of their annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the taxpayers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow the sum of $200,000.

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. From and after the final passage of this By-Law it shall be lawful for the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations, who may be willing to advance the same the sum of $200,000 in such amounts and at such times as the same may, in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee, be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

2. The moneys so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said corporation for the year 1892, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be repayable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1892, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

3. The acknowledgment of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Clerk and Finance Committee of the said Corporation, and sealed with the corporate seal of the said Corporation.

4. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-Law, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 15th day of February, A D., 1892.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 24th day of February, A.D., 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

[No. 156.]

A BY-LAW.

For the Appointment of a Commission or Commissioners of Sewers.

WHEREAS under and by virtue sub-section 97 of section 96 of the Municipal Act 1891 power is conferred upon the Council to pass by-law, either for the appointment by the Council, or for the election, as the Council may decide, by the persons entitled to vote on the Municipal By-Laws, of a Commissioner or Commissioners (not exceeding three in number in all) to manage and superintend the construction of sewerage and drainage work and to define his or their duties and fix his or their salary or other renumeration as the Council may by by-law decide and otherwise subject as in the said sub-section provided;

And whereas it is expedient that the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria should appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners as aforesaid to manage and superintend the construction of sewerage and drainage work in the City of Victoria and otherwise in accordance with the said sub-section;

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

1. The Council may appoint by resolution one or more person or persons (not, however, exceeding three in all) to be Commissioner or Commissioners to manage and superintend the construction of sewerage and drainage works of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

COMMISSIONERS' DUTIES.

2. The duty of the said Commissioner or Commissioners shall be:—

a. To carry out the system of sewerage and drainage as adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as funds may from time to time be placed at their disposal, and to see that all contracts entered into by the Corporation in connection with the sewerage and drainage of the City be properly carried out, and to do all other things necessary to facilitate the successful operation of the said works.

b. To appoint and fix the salaries of and to direct and control the chief engineer and his staff in the discharge of their duties, and to remove the chief engineer and the assistant engineer or inspector of works or any other person in the employment of the Corporation in connection with the sewerage works of the City, and to appoint other persons in their places if deemed necessary. Provided, always, that the Commissioner or Commissioners shall not have the power to appoint any such person for a longer period than their own term of office, and any such person so appointed can be dismissed by the Commissioner or Commissioners or by the Council by giving him thirty days notice to that effect, and all such appointments shall be made subject to the provisions of this sub-section.

c. To examine all accounts and claims in respect of the sewerage and drainage of the City, and to certify the same, to sign all cheques drawn in respect of the said accounts and claims, the said cheques to be countersigned by the Mayor for the time being of the said City before payment.

d. To see that all moneys voted for sewerage and drainage purposes be not expended otherwise than for sewerage or drainage purposes and in accordance with any contracts therefor when such exist.

e. To settle all disputes which may from time to time arise between the chief engineer, inspector or inspectors or others and any contractor or contractors for any works in connection with the said sewerage or drainage, and the decision of the Commissioner or Commissioners shall be final.

f. In the event of three Commissioners being appointed, and one of them being absent from the Province at any time, cheques may be signed by two Commissioners and countersigned by the Mayor.

3. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall have power to reject any or all work or material performed or used, and materials proposed to be used in any such work that in their opinion is not in accordance with the plans and specifications or any contract or any of them.

4. The Commissioner or Commissioners shall be appointed by the Council once in each year, and in case of incompetence or neglect of duty which is, in the opinion of the Council, of such a character as to render the person unfit to further hold the office of Sewerage Commissioner, the Council may by resolution remove him from office and declare his position vacant, and appoint another person in his place, who shall hold office for the remainder of the term of his predecessor.

5. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall meet at least once in each month, and at any other time at the call of the Secretary upon reasonable notice.

6. The City Clerk shall act as Secretary at all meetings of said Commissioners, and shall receive ten dollars per month for his services.

7. The Secretary shall call a meeting of the Commissioners whenever requested so to do by a Commissioner or the Commissioners or the Engineer in charge of the works.

8. The remuneration of the said Commissioners shall be:

(*a*) For each and every meeting duly convened ($10.00) ten dollars.

9. The Commissioner or the Commissioners shall report monthly, or as often as the Council may desire, their proceedings, to the Council.

10. The "Commissioners of Sewers Appointment By-Law," of 1890, and "The Commissioners of Sewers By-Law," of 1891, are hereby repealed.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Commissioners of Sewers By-Law, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of February, A.D. 1892.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of February. A.D. 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

[No. 157.]

A BY-LAW

By-Law to Amend the Market By-Law.

WHEREAS, it is desirable to amend the "Market By-Law,"

THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:—

1. That Section 3 of the said By-Law is hereby repealed and the following section is substituted therefor:—

[3.] The Market shall be opened and kept open daily [except Sundays] from 6 a.m., and shall be closed at 8 p.m., except on Saturdays, when the Market shall be kept open until 10 p.m; provided, however, that butchers and fish dealers may open their stalls and supply meat and fish, respectively, to steamboats and other vessels coming into or going out of the harbour of Victoria after the market hour aforesaid. On all statute holidays the Market shall be closed at 12 o'clock, noon.

2. Section 4 of the said By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the words "during market hours," in the fifth line thereof, and inserting, in lieu thereof, the words "from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m."

3. Section 18 of the said By-Law is hereby amended by adding at the end of the said section, after the word "space," the words following, namely: "without permission from the Market Superintendent."

4. Section 38 of the said By-Law is hereby repealed, and the following section substituted therefor:—

[38.] All household bread manufactured by any person in the City, for sale or offered for sale or sold in the City, shall be of good wholesome flour or meal, and shall be made into loaves, each of full weight, respectively of 2 pounds, 3 pounds and 4 pounds, and each loaf shall be marked with a number indicating its true weight. The term "Household Bread" shall imply all bread, except cream loaves, when one or more loaves are baked in a tin or pan. All other kinds, namely, currant loaves, cream loaves and all shapes not baked in a tin or pan and having a crust all around to be termed "Fancy Bread," and not to come under the meaning of this section.

5. Sections 42, 43 and 44 of the said By-Law are hereby repealed, and the following sections substituted therefor;

SALE OF COAL AND WOOD.

[42.] Every coal and wood dealer having a permanent place of business in the City of Victoria, for the sale by retail of coal or wood, shall give to the driver or person in charge of each load of coal or wood, sent out for delivery to a purchaser, in the said city, a ticket signed by such dealer or by his agent specifying the true amount of coal or wood contained in such load, which ticket shall be delivered to the purchaser at the time of delivery of said coal or wood.

[43]. It shall be lawful for the Market Superintendent or any police officer to require that any load of wood or coal on its way from seller to buyer, in the said City, shall be weighed or measured by the Market Superintendent or his assistant, or for the purchaser of any load of coal or wood to require that the same shall be so weighed or measured, and the driver or person in charge thereof shall thereupon have the said load weighed or measured at the expense of the party requiring the same, and shall then and there produce to the weighmaster the ticket mentioned in the preceding section of this By-Law.

[44]. Any dealer who falsely states in the ticket, aforesaid, the weight or amount of the coal or wood in any load, and any person who, upon request, as aforesaid, refuses to have his load weighed or measured, or produce his ticket to the weighmaster, shall be subject to the penalties of this By-Law.

6. The Superintendent of City Police may grant temporary permission to suspend the operation of Section 14 of the Market By-law, 1891, for a period not exceeding one week, at Christmas.

7. This Bylaw may be cited as "The Market By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of February, A. D. 1892.

Reconsidered and finally passed the 24th day of February, A. D. 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. fe27

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" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited.)

Time Table No. 16, takes effect January 15, 1892.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13 o'clock or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladners Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesdays and Fridays at o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 27th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager,

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. 1y2

THE TIME FOR

PLANTING TREES

Having now arrived

P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.

are prepared to supply in any quantity desired, Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs Evergreens, etc., at lowest prices.

Their Nursery Business is still carried on in the same premises, St. Charles St., Cadboro Bay Road, the frontage only having been sold. At their Store, removed to

52 DOUGLAS STREET,

Grass, Clover and all other kinds of Seeds, best quality. For further particulars see Priced Catalogues, which will be sent post free on application. c20 6m d&w

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3 1892.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B. C., Mar. 3rd, 1892.

Sun rises.....6 33 a.m. | Sun sets.....5:48 p.m.
Moon sets at midnight.

Day of the year, 63rd.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Mar. 2, 1892.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m.,	34°	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
a. m.,	33°	39°	
9 a. m.,	36°	Highest	5 a m.—4 m. N.
1 p. m.,	48°	48°	1 p.m.—8 m E.
5 p. m.,	45°	Lowest	9 p.m.—Calm.
9 p. m.,	33°	31°	Rain—0.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—E Barrett, W N Mears, Frank Cleaver, P Angel, Miss Clark, J S Turrell, Jas Moe, J Cameron, W G. Cameron, E A Batwell, Thos McGarve J M Wright, Geo Borbanks, Jno Lynch, J Supple and wife, H H Emerson, E Erickson, W R Baily, Geo Shinton, Miss Raymond, B Cameron, Otto Seifling and wife, M Moore, R Ronyon, Jno Howland, F Herbert, Miss Hamilton, R C Morrison, S S Hobson, Mrs Anderson, J Campbell, C F Seal.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver.—Geo Jackson, F F Bradford, W J Armstrong, A M Beattie and wife, K Cooper, D W M ikleroid, J McAuley, J Ward, J H Gray, A P Morrison, J Nutt, J Stanley, T Ketch, J Creswell, Richard Hall, C Howell, Chas Peaclue, Mrs Woodrow, Miss Calhoun, F Ankcor, H Keefer, Mrs Carey, D McGilvray, S Wilmot, J Smith, J T Martin, W F Ogle, T G Knuckley, Mrs Lacilles, E R Bonnett, Geo Mesher, G W Colium, M B Baker, Geo Rugerson, Mrs Armstrong, O P King, A Lindsay, M Crickmay, C G Major, C L Winter, Miss Nash, R Collester, John McNob, Mrs Martin, D J Munn, Green, J W McGibbon, Geo H White, J H Smith, F B Gregory.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—R A Brown & Co, Jno Barnsley, H Mansell, Spencer & C, Van Elec Ry Co, P McQuade & Son, M W Waitt & Co, Vail & Brooks, Geo Philips, R Baker & Son, A Show, S Leiser, H Saunders, Jno Hibbert, White & Sloan, B Gordon, Hughitt & Mol, Taylor Mill Co, A J Gallotly, J Supple.

Per steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—Collector In Revenue, Boucherat & Co, Carne & Munsie, Cowan & Wilson, C P Nelo, Edison Gen Elec Co, E B Marvin, E G Prior, L T K, H B Co, J H Todd & Son, Nichol s & Renour, P McQuade & Son, Ramsay Bros, Shawnigan Lake L Co, Stemler & Earle, T B Smith, T Earle, S Leiser, D H McMillan & Co, Gilmore & McCandless, Lowe & Allice, Leddingham Bros, R H Jamieson, H Clay, Marvin & Tilton, T Shotbolt, D Spencer, T Haughton, John Fullerton, J W Mellon, Russell-McDonald & Co, Carmichael & Paterson, Don Ex Co.

BIRTH.

CARMICHAEL—On the 1st March, the wife of Herbert Carmichael of a son.

FIELDING—In this city on the 2nd instant, the wife of George Fielding of a son.

DIED.

HODGE—In this city on the 1st instant, at 97 Oscar street, the only son of William and Eliza Hodge, aged 7 months and 2 days.

The funeral will take place on Thursday at 2:30 p.m., from the residence, 97 Oscar street.

Friends are invited to attend.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Kitchen Witch Range, at CHEAPSIDE.*

Sheffield Cutlery.—For cutlery of all kinds go to Fox's, 78 Government street. A new stock just opened. 1m

Try Falconer's Worcester Sauce. It is the best. w-th

Past Masters Squares (solid silver), at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

Carpenter and Gardening Tools, at CHEAPSIDE. *

A 1.—Sheffield razors, strops, and a complete line of shaving materials and outfits just opened at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

A line of nice pocket knives, razors, scissors, and table cutlery, just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Carpenters' tool baskets at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street. *

John Bull Ranges, at CHEAPSIDE. *

Labor and money saved by using Pendray's Electric Soap. *

The English Laundry is the best. 12t

Lamps in great variety, at reduced prices, at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street. *

Change of Time.

Until further notice the Union Pacific boat will leave at 7 a.m. instead of 7:30 a.m.

Business Men Get Them.

"Check protectors" make honest folk; see them at Kerr & Begg's bookstore. *

Quality and Quantity.

That is what you get when you buy the old reliable Wellington coal. Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 83. 6m

Reduction in Milk.

Owing to the high price of milk, ask your grocer for Highland Brand Evaporated Cream and dilute to taste. It makes a delicious, rich cream for half the price of ordinary cow's cream. *

New at the White House.

Ladies' Blouses, white and colored, in Cambric and Silk. Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, in the latest New York styles; also, the finest assortment of Prints, Sateens and Wool challis ever seen in Victoria. HENRY YOUNG & Co. *

Mrs. Wm. McConnick, 834 McDermott, Winnipeg.

Was the fortunate person to secure the elegant GOLD WATCH from the LADIES' PICTORIAL WEEKLY'S (of Toronto, Ontario,) Prize Competition for Saturday. Watches and other prizes given away daily. Send two three cent stamps for particulars. *

To the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Arthur Forrest, the star of the Madison Square "Capt. Swift Co." and Miss Baby Devlin, are under contract with me to open at the Imperial Theatre, to-night, and will positively not appear at the "Victoria," as is advertised by that management. John E. Rice; manager Imperial Theatre. *

A Positive Fact.

Lange & Co. are selling their choice stock of jewellery at cost. Ill-health obliges them to retire from business as quickly as possible. Any one wishing to make bargains in their line should call early, ere they dispose of the entire stock to some one in the trade. All work done by them during their stay in business will be guaranteed, as usual. The guarantee will hold good after retiring from business. tf

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A New City Surveyor and Water Commissioner Appointed—Some Important Communications.

The Public Library—Police Uniforms—The Police Magistrate's Resignation—Tramway Grievances.

The regular weekly meeting of the City Council was held at the City Hall last night. There were present Mayor Beaven and Aldermen Humber, McKillican, Devlin, Baker, Hall, Styles, Lovell, Munn, and Hunter.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From C. J. Jones, Sec. to the Governor-General, acknowledging the message of condolence in the following terms.

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, Feb. 19, 1892.

His Worship the Mayor of Victoria, B.C.

SIR,—The message of condolence on the occasion of the death of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale from the citizens of Victoria having been duly submitted to Her Majesty the Queen, and to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, I have now the honor to enclose copy of a despatch which His Excellency the Governor-General has received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, conveying the expression by Her Majesty on behalf of the Royal Family of their heartfelt gratitude for this token of loyalty and sympathy.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant
C. J. JONES,
Secy. to Governor-General.

THE DESPATCH.

DOWNING STREET,
3rd February, 1892.

MY LORD:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your despatch, No. 9, of the 16th ult., forwarding, for submission to Her Majesty the Queen and their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, copies of the telegraphic messages of condolence on the occasion of the lamented death of H.R.H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, received from the persons noted in the margin.

I have laid these messages before Her Majesty and their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales; and Her Majesty has commanded me to desire you to convey to the various persons by whom the messages were sent an expression of the gratification of the Royal Family at the widespread sympathy felt in Canada in the great calamity that has befallen them. I have, &c.,
(Signed) KNUTSFORD.

To the Governor General,
The Rt. Hon. Lord Stanley of Preston,
G. C. B., &c., &c.

The parties mentioned in the despatch were the Lieutenant-Governors of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia; Prince Edward Island, North West Territory, Manitoba, British Columbia, Cardinal Taschereau, Halifax City Council, Citizens of Victoria, B.C., Mayor of Quebec, Col. Sir C. Gzowski, Citizens of St. John, N.B.

The communication was received and filed.

From M. L. Hall, on behalf of the W.C.T.U., calling attention to the number of children continually playing on the streets at night, and asking that remedial steps be taken, such as prohibiting of children playing on the streets after 9 p.m. The letter called attention to the chances of criminality arising out of such carelessness of parents.

ALD. LOVELL said that the suggestion of the W.C.T.U. was a wise one, and he hoped that immediate steps would be taken as suggested in the communication.

ALD. MCKILLICAN said that there was a by-law providing for such matters.

ALD. HUMBER supported the suggestions. He said the fact that small boys were permitted to sell papers on the street at 11 or 12 o'clock at night was a disgrace that should be put a stop to.

ALD. HALL moved that the matter be laid before the Police committee, with instructions to look into the subject and report back to the Council.

The resolution was carried.

THE POSITION OF CITY ENGINEER.

There were eight applicants for the position of City Engineer and Water Commissioner, and the Mayor announced that the names would be ballotted for, it being necessary that the candidate chosen should obtain six votes.

The applicants were: Peter Leech, J. W. Graft, S. P. Tuck, Thomas L. Parr, Robert M. Chinstie, William McKinnon, J. L. Tytler, Adamson Parker. The result of the balloting was: S. P. Tuck, 7; J. W. Graft, 2; Thomas L. Parr, 1.

THE MARKET RECEIPTS.

A report was received from D. E. Johnson, manager, giving the receipts from the market building, etc., for the month of February. The revenue from weighing and measuring was $17.80, and other receipts, $10.

The report was received and adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Thomas Hooper, architect, asking that Mr. Simon Leiser be allowed to extend the basement of his new three-story building, at the corner of Store and Johnson streets, out beyond street lines, to the edge of the sidewalk.

After some discussion as to the power of the Council to grant such permission,

ALD. MUNN moved that Mr. Hooper be informed that the Council had no right to grant such a request.

ALD. HUNTER called the attention of the Mayor to a previous motion offered by him to the effect that the matter be refered to the City Barristers to ascertain what rights the council had in the matter. The building in question was one that would be a great improvement to the lower portion of the city, and it would be a great hardship, and a very arbitrary act on the part of the council to deprive a man of light for his basement.

ALD. LOVELL supported Ald. Hunter's remarks. The council should bear in mind the fact that if Mr. Leiser was allowed to extend his basement, he would have to put above it a good sidewalk—a sidewalk probably much better and more durable, than the one the city would put down. Every good building in the city had been granted the privilege, and it would be most unfair to deprive this applicant of such permission.

Ald. Hunter's amendment was carried.

From Frederick Pauline, complaining of the manner in which First street, Work estate, had been raised and graded, diverting the gutter from where it had at first so innocently meandered into his front garden.

Referred to the City Surveyor.

Prom J. P. Walls, on behalf of Mr. Thos Matthews, asking for $225 as three months' salary for his client, ex-Assistant City Surveyor.

Ald. Hall suggested that the matter be referred to the Finance committee, and it was so ordered.

From E. C. Pemberton, complaining of the depositing of dead animals on Ross Bay beach.

Referred to the Sanitary Officer and Sanitary committee, with power to act.

From Arthur T. Dutton, secretary of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council, asking that all contractors tendering for city work be asked to sign the following document: "I declare that I will pay the rate of wages generally accepted as current, to any men employed by me in my present work for the Council, such men to be competent.

ALD. MUNN moved that the communication be received and acknowledged. Personally he was in favor of what the letter asked. It was a good suggestion.

The motion was seconded by Ald. Hall.

ALD. LOVELL thought that if contractors were bound down to such a clause in a contract they would be very seriously hampered in their work. There were hundreds of men round the city anxious to get work and they could do it well, and were glad to get it at $2 50 per day.

ALD. BAKER supported Ald. Lovell's remarks. He did not think the Council had any right to dictate to any contractor what class of labor he should hire, or what rate of wages he should pay. It was a most unfair thing to do with any contractor.

ALD. MUNN said that this action of the Trades and Labor Council was simply the outcome of the sewerage work. On the sewerage system there was a great deal of work being done, and the contractor had brought many men into the city who were accepting wages at a rate far below the standard in Victoria. It was not right that with a great work like the sewerage system going on in the city, a great many men belonging to the city should be idle and out of work.

ALD. HUMBER deprecated the idea of any contractor being tied down to a certain rate of wage.

ALD. STYLES said that he believed that there were actually not one dozen men belonging to the city working on the sewerage job, and, from what he could learn, very few tradesmen of Victoria were benefitting in any way by the work. That was the result of the absence of any such clause in the contract, as was suggested by the Trades and Labor Council.

The communication was received and filed.

From Dr. James McGregor, librarian, asking that a by-law be submitted to the public, authorizing the supply of more reading matter for the library.

ALD. MCKILLICAN spoke very strongly in favor of the request. The city was growing rapidly, and the library was coming more into popular favor every day. He thought that the city should see to the matter at once, and take steps to replenish the stock of books. There was a sum of $1,200 per annum at present devoted to library interests, and it was totally inadequate. The amount required now was $3,000.

ALD. HALL supported the last speaker's remarks.

THE MAYOR called attention to the fact that the present by-law authorized an expenditure no greater than $1200 per annum, which amount, after salaries had been paid, left no room whatever for the purchase of books and periodicals.

The matter was referred to the Library committee, consisting of Ald. McKillican, Munn, and Humber.

From F. S. Richards, jr., on behalf of the owners of six new buildings on the corner of Speed avenue and Saanich road, asking for a sindwalk and fire hydrant in that locality.

Referred to the Street committee and the Fire Wardens.

REPORTS.

A report from the City Clerk, referring to answers and communications, was received and filed.

A communication from Messrs. Bodwell & Irving informing the Corporation that if $150 was not paid their client, Mr. B. Gordon, for damages caused by flooding his cellar, legal proceedings would be taken by them in one week.

ALD. HALL moved that the communication be received and filed. Carried.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE.

A communication was received from the Police Magistrate, Mr. A. L. Belyea, tendering his resignation as Police Magistrate, to take effect from the 1st of April.

THE MAYOR said that it was a pity to lose such a painstaking magistrate as Mr. Belyea had been. But the position apparently clashed with his professional duties, and it could not be helped.

ALD. HALL moved that the communication be received and filed.

ALD. MUNN moved that the resignation be accepted. He was sure that nothing could possibly induce Mr. Belyea to alter his decision. The thanks of the Council were due Mr. Belyea for the manner in which he had filled the office. He had been a most efficient magistrate, and one who had given perfect satisfaction everywhere. His decisions had been repeatedly upheld by the higher courts, and his law was, on all occasions, thoroughly sound. He would add to the motion, an expression of great regret that the city was losing Mr. Belyea's services, and of the thanks of the Board for the manner in which he had filled the seat.

ALD. LONELL seconded the resolution. He heartily agreed with all that Ald. Munn had said, and he also spoke of the excellent manner in which Mr. Belyea had carried out his duties, and of the great satisfaction he had given to the public generally.

The resolution was adopted unanimously after many of the aldermen had spoken in a highly complimentary manner of the retiring magistrate.

Several communications from people complaining of the flooding of their lots by water flowing off the streets, were referred to the Street committee, with instructions to report.

PETITIONS.

From 30 ratepayers on and frequenters of the Fort street tramway route, from the Jubilee Hospital to the Jockey Club grounds, calling attention to the excessive charges and insufficient accommodation on that line. The Tramway Company were making the portion of the road spoken of the most inefficient and extortionate part of the whole service. They were not fulfilling their charter with the city, but were breaking faith in more ways than one. The communication asked for an enquiry into the grievance spoken of, and concluded by saying that a great many more names could be obtained if desirable.

The petition was referred to the Finance committee for report to the Council.

From several residents of Cadboro Bay Road calling attention to the nusance existing inside the fence of the Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Referred to the Standing Committee with instructions to report to the Council.

From several ratepayers calling attention the urgent need of water supply on Oak Bay Avenue,

Referred to Water Committee with instructions to report back to the Council.

REPORTS.

From the Finance Committee recommending the payment of accounts totalling $4163 90.

Accounts ordered to be paid.

From the Finance committee, authorizing payments of accounts totalling $1,036. The report was adopted.

From the Finance committee, authorizing payment of $341 for sundry items. Received and adopted.

From the Park committee, recommending several minor matters. Received and adopted.

From the Police committee, reporting the acceptance of the resignation of Constable Hendry, and the appointment of Mr. Palmer to the vacancy.

From the Printing and Pound committee, reporting the advisability of distributing the city advertising among the three daily newspapers, in as equal proportions as possible, and of publishing the advertising in two papers alternately each month. The report also advised that all the city's job work be divided equally among the job offices of the city.

ALD. LOVELL thought that at present the city's printing was being paid for at rates considerably above commercial prices, and that the charges in this direction could be reduced.

ALD. HUMBER suggested the purchase of a city printing press. Last year $3 000 was spent in advertising alone. He would like to see all printing let by contract.

The matter was left in the hands of the Printing committee, and the report was received and adopted.

Report from the Street committee, recommending several matters relating to the streets, the total estimate of cost of repairs being $600. The report was received and adopted.

A report from the Water committee was received and adopted.

Report from the sanitary officer, calling attention to the state of the drainage on Blanchard, Chatham, and North Park streets, and advising that box drains be put down. Referred to the Street committee and City Engineer, with instructions to report to the Council.

The Council then adjourned.

The Hole in the Wall.

The cutest little store in the city is situated in a small corner of the old Fire Hall, on Government street. Small as it is, however, the proprietor has plenty of room to pass down to customers the best and choicest cigars and tobacco in the country. *

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation permanently.

For sale in 75c. Bottles by all Druggists.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ja20-tts-d&w*

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of

All Kinds of Silk Goods

TEA SETS, VASES, TRAYS,
Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.,
150 Government Street.
ja6 1y

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication on first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

ja28 tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

ACME LODGE, NO. 14, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

S. W. EDWARDS, Rec. Sec.
W. H. CULLIN, N. G. ja20-6m

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The twenty-third drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Rooms, Broad Street (opposite View), on Friday, the 4th of March, 1892, at 8 p m

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

A few shares on hand, which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 45 Fort street. fe28.

B. C. Pharmaceutical Association.

SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS.

The semi-annual examinations for the Licentiate of Pharmacy certificate of this Association will be held on

Wednesday and Thursday, April 6 h and 7th

Candidates must notify the Registrar, in writing, of their intention to present themselves for examination, before March 23rd.

Candidates for registration on diplomas from some other association must deposit the same with the Registrar before March 7th.

Any further information as to place and time of examination may be obtained from

M. G. BLANCHARD,
Sec.-Registrar,
Victoria, B. C.

P. O. Box 592. fe25

The Westminster Slate Co.,
LIMITED,
Manufacturers and Dealers in

ROOFING SLATE

New Westminster, B. C.

above Company are now prepared to receive and fill orders (March delivery) for Roofing Slate of all sizes, from 24x12 downwards. Our Slate is of the very best quality and our prices moderate. All orders sent to the undersigned promptly filled.

A. G. GAMBLE,
Secretary.
New Westminster, B.C. de1

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

de19

SHE is a wise woman who buys with judgment and good taste. She is a saving woman who buys good furniture at a fair price, and in a store where there is always kept on hand a very large and most HANDSOME assortment to choose from. But she is the wisest and the most prudent woman of all who puts her money in her pocket GOES down town, and purchases her household articles from Sehl, Hastie and Erskin

KNOWN FOR GOOD VALUE

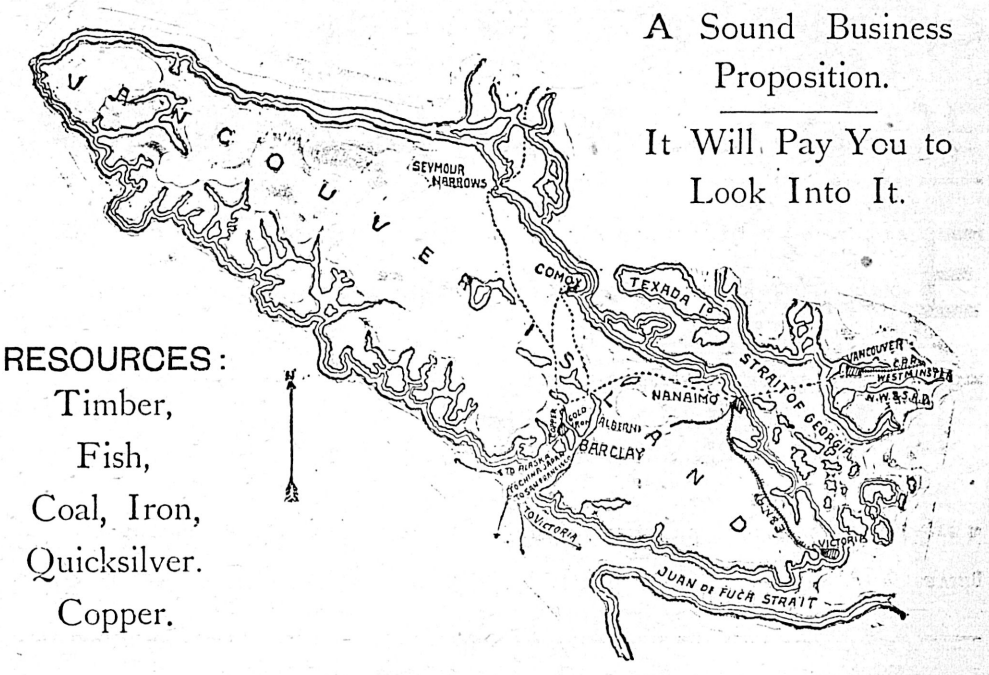
Suits FOR Boys ALL AGES!

CLOTHING HATS, NECKWEAR, UNDERCLOTHING

Suits FOR Men! ALL SIZES!

W. & J. WILSON, GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

BARCLAY!



A Sound Business Proposition.

It Will Pay You to Look Into It.

RESOURCES:
Timber,
Fish,
Coal, Iron,
Quicksilver.
Copper.

REGULATIONS

Concerning Sale and Purchase of Lots in Barclay

There shall be 1,500 lots, and no more, placed upon the market, in the original townsite.

The price of the first 25 lots as surveyed, and without improvements, shall be $25 each.

The purchase money shall be used as follows, and in the order herein written:

5 per cent shall be paid as commission to the broker effecting the sale.

20 per cent shall be deposited in the permanent improvement fund.

15 per cent shall be deposited in the advertising fund.

10 per cent shall be deposited in the building fund.

The next twenty-five lots having received the benefit of the 45 per cent deducted from the price of the lots already sold, shall be increased in price $10 each, that is to say, $35 per lot, and each successive twenty-five lots shall be increased $10, till the whole 1,500 lots be sold, at which time there will be expended in permanent improvement fund, $96,000, in advertising, $72,000.

No purchaser may purchase more than two lots from any twenty-five, but will have to pay the $10 advance on each two additional lots purchased.

While no lots can be sold below this schedule, the Company reserve the right to donate any number of lots, water or otherwise, to industries employing labor, making the consideration in each case a bond for the employment of a certain amount of white labor, such lots or land to be granted from the lots and land on the map, marked reserved.

ITS GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION:

At the head of Barclay Sound proper, and at the mouth of the Alberni Canal, easy of access at any time, to craft of any size or style, yet fully sheltered from any and every wind, lies the most perfect harbor on the Pacific Coast, three miles long by three-fourths of a mile in width. The rugged hills, that at the entrance and on the North side plunge into the water almost in the form of cliffs, on the South side and a mile into the harbor, swing away from the water, leaving a beautiful low shore, sufficiently sloping for drainage, and extending back to the hills which lie three-fourths of a mile or more from the water front. The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Company have acquired this as the most suitable locality on the West Coast of Vancouver Island for a townsite.

GENERAL AGENTS { CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, PAGE & McGREGOR, YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO.

The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Company,
VICTORIA, B. C.